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5	EXECUTIVE SESSION
6	COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND
7	GOVERNMENT REFORM,
8	U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
. 9	WASHINGTON, D.C.
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14	INTERVIEW OF: PHILIP COONEY
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19	Monday, March 12, 2007
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21	Washington, D.C.
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24	The deposition in the above matter was held at B-372
25	Rayburn House Office Building commencing at 1:10 n m

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	1	Appearances:		
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	5	For Philip Cooney:		
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•	7	MARK H. TUOHEY		
	8	Vinson & Elkins LLP		
	9	The Willard Office Building		
1	10	1455 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite 600		
. 1	11	Washington, D.C. 20004-1008	•	
1	12			
1	13	For Committee on Oversight and Government Reform:		
1	14			
1	5	JEFF BARAN, COUNSEL		
1	6	GREGORY DOTSON, COUNSEL		
1	.7	MICHAEL GORDON, COUNSEL		
1	8	ALEXANDRA TEITZ, ESQ., COUNSEL		
1	9	ERIC JONES, ESQ., COUNSEL		
2	20	JENNIFER SAFAVIAN, MINORITY CHIEF COUNSEL		
2	21	A. BROOKE BENNETT, MINORITY COUNSEL		
2	22	KRISTINA M. HUSAR, MINORITY PROFESSIONAL STAFF MEMBER		
. 2	23			
. 2	:4			
2	25			

Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. Good afternoon, Mr. Cooney. 1 On behalf of the Committee on Oversight and Government 2 Reform, I thank you for being here today. This proceeding is 3 known as a "deposition." This deposition is part of the 4 5 committee's investigation into allegations of political interference with government climate change work. The person 6 transcribing this proceeding is a House reporter and Notary 7 Public -- well, not a Notary Public -- authorized to 8 administer oaths. The Notary Public has arrived and will now 9 10 place you under oath. 11 [Witness sworn.] 12 Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. My name is Greg Dotson. I have been designated as majority counsel for the deposition. I am 13 14 accompanied by Jeff Baran, and he is also designated as 15 majority counsel for the deposition. There are several other majority staffers here who will now identify themselves. 16 17 Mr. Gordon. Michael Gordon. 18 Ms. <u>Teitz</u>. Alexandra Teitz. 19 Mr. Jones. Eric Jones. 20 Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. Would minority counsel please identify 21 themselves for the record? 22 Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Jennifer Safavian. 23 Ms. Bennett. Brooke Bennett. 24 Ms. <u>Husar</u>. Kristina Husar. Mr. Dotson. Before beginning with the questioning, I 25

1	would like to go over some standard instructions and
2	explanations regarding the deposition.
3	Mr. Cooney, because you have been placed under oath,
4	your testimony here today has the same force and effect as it
5	you were testifying before the committee. If you knowingly
6	provide false testimony, you could be subject to criminal
7	prosecution for perjury making false statements or
8	other related offenses. Do you understand this?
9	The <u>Witness.</u> I do.
10	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> Is there any reason you are unable to
11	provide truthful answers to today's deposition?
12	The <u>Witness.</u> No.
13	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . Under the committee's rules, you are
14	allowed to have an attorney present to advise you.
15	For the record, do you have an attorney, who represents
16	you, appearing with you today?
17	The <u>Witness.</u> I do.
18	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> Would counsel for Mr. Cooney please
19	identify yourself for the record?
20	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Yes. My name is Mark Tuohey. I am a
21	partner with Vinson & Elkins in Washington, D.C., and I
22	represent Mr. Cooney. Thank you.
23	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . The deposition will proceed as follows:

I will ask you questions regarding the subject matter of

the committee's investigation for up to 1 hour. When I am

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1	finished, minority counsel has the opportunity to ask you
2	questions for up to 1 hour. Additional rounds of questioning
3	alternating between the majority and the minority counsel may
4	then follow until the deposition is completed.

The reporter will be taking down everything you say, and we will make a written record of the deposition. You need to give verbal, audible answers because the reporter cannot record nods or gestures.

Also, in order for the record to be clear, please wait until I finish each question before you begin your answer, and I will wait until you finish your response before asking you the next question. Do you understand?

The <u>Witness</u>. Yes.

Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. If you don't hear a question or don't understand a question, please say so, and we will repeat or rephrase it. If I ask you about conversations or events in the past and you are unable to recall the exact words or details, you should testify to the substance of such conversations or events to the best of your recollection. If you recall only a part of a conversation or of an event, you should give us your best recollection of those events or parts of conversations that you do recall.

- Do you understand?
- The <u>Witness</u>. I do.
- 25 Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> This is a congressional proceeding, and as

1	such, it is different in many respects from a civil or from a
2	criminal proceeding. The rules of evidence that apply in
3	judicial proceedings, such as the rules against hearsay and
4	speculation, are not applicable in congressional proceedings.
5	Generally, the committee is entitled to obtain the
6	information it needs to fulfill its oversight and legislative
7	responsibilities unless the information is protected by a
8	constitutional privilege such as the right against
9	self-incrimination.
10	Mr. Cooney, do you have any questions before we begin
11	the deposition?
12	The <u>Witness</u> . I do not.
13	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Counsel, I do have a point, if I may.
14	It is my understanding that counsel for the Council of
15	Environmental Quality has requested that he be present, and
16	it is my understanding he will not be permitted to be
17	present. I am not going to argue the merits of that.
18	My position is that I think it would be appropriate for
19	counsel to be here because of the privilege issues, but that
20	is your call. However, I did receive and I will give you
21	a copy this morning of a letter from Dinah Bear, General
22	Counsel of the Council of Environmental Quality, which in sum
23	and substance and I am happy to read it if you want me
24	to but in sum and substance, it asks that I raise

objections where and if necessary to protect either the

deliberative process privilege or the executive privilege,
and I will do so if I deem it imperative, because Mr. Cooney
is not in a position to waive the privilege. It may not be
necessary, but I will give you a copy of the letter for the
record, and I will raise objections and advise Mr. Cooney
appropriately if the privilege issue is implicated in any way
that I think it needs to be addressed.

## [Exhibit No. 1

was marked for identification.]

Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> That is the only point I wanted to make.

The only other point I wanted to make was that -- and I made a statement earlier -- I think, in fairness and out of respect for you, Mr. Cooney has a 6:05 flight back to Dallas tonight, so because the understanding was this was to be a 3-hour interview, give or take, not exact, we intend to have him take that flight, so I just want to -- I think you are smart in having rounds of an hour, and I think we probably will be finished long before that, but I just want to let you know he has a flight at 6:05 tonight back to Dallas.

Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Two points on what Mr. Tuohey just raised: one on agent's counsel being present. I have a letter that I want to have be part of the record from Mr. Davis where he also asks that agency counsel be present

1	during this deposition, and I have copies that I am happy to
2	pass out to everyone.
3	Mr. Cooney, if you would like a copy.
4	[Exhibit No. 2
5	was marked for identification.]
6	
7	The <u>Witness.</u> Thank you.
8	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Sure.
9	I wanted to make that point and put it on the record.
10	Also, with regard to the timing of this, I understand
11	that there is obviously time limitations because the witness
12	needs to catch a flight, and we are going to do rounds, so I
13	suggest perhaps, right now, that we start off with 1 hour
14	each and see what time it is and see how much more we both
15	have to do before we decide how to split the rest of the time
16	up because I understand 4:00, give or take a little bit, is
17	what you are saying.
18	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> I'm not going to pull the curtain down like
19	we have to be out of here by 4:30.
20	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Sure, and we may be done. So why don't
21	we start with that, 1-hour rounds, and then, before we start
22	our next round, we'll determine how much more time we have,
23	that the witness has, and we will divide that up equally.

Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. On a couple points, first, on the issue of

CEQ, CEQ, as you know, is not invited to this deposition, and

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since this is a deposition, pursuant to the House Rules, they are actually prohibited from attending under the committee rules. However, Ted Boling, the Deputy General Counsel for CEQ, is waiting in the room outside this door, and he is available should any issues arise for which you would like to consult with him in order to ensure that, to the maximum extent possible, you are able to answer questions.

Mr. Tuohey. Okay. Fine.

Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. And just to be clear, the committee rules, while they do state that, Greg, there were discussions at the markup of the committee rules where it was explained where there could be exceptions made to that, that it is not a fast and steady rule, so I just want to make sure that that is on the record also.

Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. With regard to the 1-hour rounds, I think we do need to get started. We have a lot of material to cover, and I think -- I agree that we'll say that we will proceed in 1-hour rounds, and then we can agree to modify it as appropriate.

Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Well, certainly, if he has to leave at 4:30, I don't want to lose part of my time if he has to leave to catch a flight. So, if we each only get an hour and a half or an hour, 45 --

Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. If we haven't covered the material by the time, we could continue on a subsequent day, so that is an

ı	option as well.
2	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Of course.
3	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> One other point if I may.
4	There is going to be some reference in response to your
5	questions, questions that I anticipate you will be asking,
6	with respect to documents, in particular, documents of the
7	EPA report and several reports issued by various branches of
8	the Executive Branch of the Government, which I am sure you
9	have copies of I have glossies of those reports here if
10	need be so that the witness can be responsive to your
11	questions, he has made a chart, a copy of which I will show
12	you here, of different pages in the EPA report which are
13	particularly of interest and, I know, are as to the nature of
14	your questions, and he may refer to this chart from time to
15	time in his testimony, and I just want to let you know. They
16	are simply pages and paragraphs.
17	The <u>Witness.</u> References to pages in the
18	National Academy of Sciences' Report of June 2001.
19	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> So he will make that clear. We will make
20	it very clear what he is referring to. Okay. Thank you.
21	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> Okay. Great.
22	
23	EXAMINATION
24	BY MR. DOTSON:
25	Q Mr. Cooney, would you please state your full name

1 for the record. 2 Philip Andrew Cooney. 3 Q What is your home address? 4 1325 Regency Court, Southlake, which is one word, Texas, 76092. 5 6 0 Where are you currently employed? 7 Α ExxonMobil Corporation. 8 Q What is your current position? My title is Corporate Issues Manager. 9 Α 10 Where did you work before ExxonMobil? Q 11 From June 2001 through, I think it was, June 10th, 2005, I worked at the White House Council on Environmental 12 Quality as the Chief of Staff, and just to be clear, I 13 believe I began on June 25th of 2001. 14 15 Q What were your responsibilities as Chief of Staff? 16 Well, I will try to be concise here. 17 I had broad managerial responsibilities for the preparation of budget, the implementation of budgets, hiring, 18 firing, a whole host of managerial responsibilities within 19 the Agency, but the Agency's mission really is to guide the 20 Federal Government in its compliance with the National 21 Environmental Policy Act, and it is also to serve the 22 President's Policy Development Coordination Office within the 23 White House on Energy, Environmental and Natural Resource 24 Policies, and we had -- you know, I had a staff -- maybe 25

there were 22 full-time staff, something like that, but on occasion, at different times through the administration, there were various interagency task forces where detailees from agencies would come to the White House CEQ to work on discrete matters. We had a NEPA task force that was looking at reforming and improving the NEPA Program. We had a task force on oceans policy and working with the Oceans Commission to develop policies for the administration with respect to oceans, really a huge subject area. Those are examples of the types of task forces that we had at the White House. We also had, you know, detailees at different points from different agencies working on different reports or efforts.

Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. The question is about your responsibilities, not the whole of the Agency.

The <u>Witness</u>. Well, in a way, because I was Chief of Staff, I did sort of look across the Agency, but you know, every day was different. I had a lot of managerial responsibility. One essential element of my job was to be sure that priority issues reached the chairman's attention and that our office assignments were made appropriately for reviewing Federal legislation, Federal testimony through the OMB review process, reviewing documents from the staff secretary's office in the White House. If the President were going to give a speech or issue a policy statement or issue a policy book or a fact sheet, you know, all the White House

1	office generally reviewed those. So we would you know, I
2	would make sure that our office was that someone was
3	reviewing it, things like the Council of Economic Advisors.
4	The economic report of the President comes out annually.
5	That goes to all White House offices for review and
6	clearance, so I would make sure that one or two or three
7	people were reviewing it but primarily managerial. And
8	really, we had different emphases on different issues
9	throughout the 4 years, which would consume varying amounts
10	of my time. That is the best description I can give of my
11	responsibilities.
12	EXAMINATION
13	BY MR. DOTSON:
14	Q Where did you work before working at the Council on
15	Environmental Quality?
16	A I worked at the American Petroleum Institute from
17	January 1986 through, you know, June 2001 when I took the
18	position at the White House, Council on Environmental
19	Quality.
20	Q What positions did you hold there?
21	A My initial position was Junior Attorney, and that
22	was a position that I took after having worked for an
23	administrative law judge at the Department of Labor on a
24	whole host of issues black lung and longshoremen's
25	benefits, things like that. So, when I took this job it was

1 in a different area with the trade association, and I really 2 didn't know what I was getting into necessarily, but I went 3 through the ranks of the Office of General Counsel there, and 4 we had about 20 lawyers in the Office of General Counsel at the American Petroleum Institute, and I was a junior 5 6 attorney. Then I was a senior attorney, and that was probably for my first 13 years there. I just worked in the 7 8 Office of General Counsel on a whole host of 9 regulatory/legislative issues. I cannot remember the exact 10 year, but at one point, there was a transition in API's 11 leadership. We got a new president, and there was a 12 reorganization, and I went, and I had the title of Counsel to the Executive Vice President of the American Petroleum 13 14 Institute, but I was working on a lot of organizational 15 transitional issues maybe for a year and a half. And then, 16 in my last year, I was what they call the team leader of the 17 Climate Team at the American Petroleum Institute. And the 18 way we were organized was that, on priority issues, 19 multidisciplinary teams within the API, were assembled to 20 work on priority issues, you know, for the member companies, 21 and those teams would have scientists, economists, lobbyists, 22 communicators, press people, a team leader sort of steering 23 things, but they were advocacy teams, multidisciplinary teams that were assembled to work on issues. 24

Q As team leader of the Climate Team, what were your

1	responsibilities:
2	A Well, to implement a program of advocacy for the
3	member oil companies. To the extent that they had a
4	consensus position on climate change issues, we, the team,
5	worked in different advocacy realms to advance those
6	positions, so we would undertake media outreach. We would
7	have lobbyists who would come up on the Hill. As you must
8	know, there were a whole host of hearings surrounding the
9	Kyoto Protocol at that time, and we had people cover those
10	hearings, that sort of thing really.
11	Q For the record, I am going to ask you about your
12	educational background.
13	A Yes.
14	Q Please state from where and when you earned your
15	undergraduate degrees.
16	A My undergraduate degree was earned from the
17	University of Richmond in 1981.
18	Q And what was your degree?
19	A I had a double major in Economics and Political
20	Science.
21	Q Were college-level science courses required as part
22	of these degrees?
23	A Yes, they were.
24	Q And what college-level science courses did you
25	take?

1	A Well
2	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Just, in general, if you remember.
3	The Witness. I believe it was physics that I took to
4	meet the requirement for the Liberal Arts degree, but I don't
5	really remember.
6	
7	BY MR. DOTSON:
8	Q Have you taken any postgraduate-level science
9	courses?
10	A Well, I went I have a law degree
11	Q I am going to ask you in a moment about that.
12	A Okay. So, in some cases, law courses cover
13	scientific issues, but no, I didn't take scientific courses,
14	per se, postgraduate.
15	Q You did not take postgraduate-level science
16	courses?
17	A No, but I took legal classes, obviously, that had
18	the elements
19	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> So the answer is, no, you did not, okay?
20	The <u>Witness.</u> Okay. No. Okay. No.
21	
22	BY MR. DOTSON:
23	Q Please state the institution from which you earned
24	a law degree and the year in which you received it.
25	A Villanova University, 1984.

1	Q Did you have an area of focus in your study of law?
2	A Not really. No, not really.
3	Q Please state the institution from which you earned
4	an advanced legal degree and the year in which you received
5	it.
6	A In 1989, I received a Master's in Legal Taxation
7	from Georgetown University.
8	Q Now I am going to ask you about your employment at
9	the American Petroleum Institute. So the record is clear, we
10	will sometimes refer to the American Petroleum Institute as
11	"API."
12	Is it accurate that, in the last position you held at
13	API, you were the API staff member, the lead API staff member
14	on the issue of climate change?
15	A I was the team leader. But API had a president and
16	other senior officials who were of higher rank than I who
17	spoke to the climate change advocacy issues.
18	Q Please describe your responsibilities in this
19	position.
20	A Again, it was to coordinate the work of a
21	multidisciplinary team on advocacy on climate change.
22	Q What were your duties comprised of on a day-to-day
23	basis?
24	A You know, there are elements of my job that I
25	remember, you know, public policy jobs.

Mr.	<u>Tuohey.</u>	Just	give	him	your	best	recollection,
period.	Just give	e him	your	answ	ers.		

The Witness. Well, on some days, we would attend a hearing, and we would write up a report of the hearing, and we would send it out to the members for their information. On some days, we would go -- we had planned to go and meet with an editorial board of a major newspaper and give positions -- give the industry's positions, particularly about the Kyoto Protocol, which was very controversial at the The team would meet sometimes. You know, we would communicate and put together a "to do" list that people were going to do, and someone was going to draft a letter to the editor on behalf of the institute, responding to some editorial or column somewhere. Sometimes we would prepare talking points or deliver third-party studies to committees on the Hill about, say, the economic impacts of the Kyoto Protocol. The lobbyists would make visits. They would plan They would divide responsibilities. It was just general day-to-day advocacy work, and I coordinated our team's implementation of those efforts.

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## BY MR. DOTSON:

Q Is it accurate to say that your job was to help ensure that any governmental actions taken relating to climate change were consistent with the goals of the American

1	Petroleum Institute?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Was climate change an important issue for API?
4	A It was.
5	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> I would like to turn to our first document.
6	I will ask the reporter to I would like to ask the
7	reporter to mark the document.
8	Ms. <u>Safavian</u> . Do you want to mark that 3 since these
9	are 1 and 2?
10	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> Ah, yes.
11	[Exhibit No. 3
12	was marked for identification.]
13	
14	BY MR. DOTSON:
15	Q Exhibit 3 is an API document dated October 26th,
16	1999. It is a fax from you and David Deal of API to numerous
17	representatives of other trade associations; is that correct?
18	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Take a look, and read it on both pages,
19	first, starting down here.
20	Do you recall the question?
21	The Witness. I don't recall the question.
22	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Just read back the question or say it
23	again, Greg.
24	
25	BY MR. DOTSON:

1	Q EXHIBIT 3 is an API document dated October 26th,
2	1999. It is a fax from you and David Deal of API to numerous
3	representatives of other trade associations; is that correct?
4	A Yes.
5	Q In this fax, you are inviting other trade
6	association representatives to a meeting at the API on
7	November 30th, 1999, to discuss a petition filed at EPA,
8	seeking to regulate carbon dioxide and other greenhouse
9	gases; is that correct?
10	A I am sorry. I was reading while you were speaking.
11	What is the question again?
12	Q The question is that, in this fax, you are inviting
13	other trade association representatives to a meeting at the
14	API on November 30th, 1999, to discuss a petition filed at
15	EPA, seeking to regulate carbon dioxide and other greenhouse
16	gases; is that correct?
17	A That is correct.
18	Q Did this meeting occur?
19	A In all likelihood, it occurred. If five people
20	couldn't make it, we might have rescheduled it. This is
21	something that happened 8 years ago, so I don't want to
22	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Do you know whether it occurred, yes or no?
23	The Witness. Certainly, an organizational meeting
24	occurred at API. I don't know if it happened on that exact
25	data. I don't know if it same off or not

1	
2	BY MR. DOTSON:
3	Q And you don't know if all of the attendees on that
4	list attended?
5	A I don't know.
6	Q Do you know who did attend? Do you have a
7	recollection of who definitely attended?
8	A No, I don't. I remember a big meeting room. We
9	got a big meeting room because there were a lot of people,
10	and I remember we hosted a meeting, but I do not remember
11	faces and names around the room.
12	Q If you were to assign a rough number to the number
13	of attendees, what would it be?
14	Mr. Tuohey. If you are able to recall. If you aren't,
15	you aren't, and say so.
16	The Witness. Let me just pick a number, and it is
17	arbitrary, and it is based upon just if I am picking a
18	rough number like your question asked, I would say 20.
19	
20	BY MR. DOTSON:
21	Q And do you recall any specific attendees at the
22	meeting?
23	A I just don't have the strength of recollection to
24	see faces around the room. There were meetings about this
25	topic, but I do not remember one from the other or who. I

1	just don't remember a face in the room.
2	Q In your mind, what was the purpose of this meeting?
3	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> "This meeting" meaning the October 26
4	meeting? Excuse me, the November 30th? Do you remember a
5	meeting on November 30th, that day?
6	The Witness. Well, as I said, I don't remember that it
7	specifically occurred that day.
8	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . But he recalls the existence of a meeting,
9	whether or not it was precisely on that date.
10	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Yes, he said there were a number of
11	meetings on the issue.
12	The Witness. Sort of a preliminary meeting. In this
13	memorandum, I state our view that this is a development of
14	potential importance in the climate change area, and I think
15	what we were trying to gauge and I really am speculating,
16	so maybe I should stop.
17	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Then don't speculate.
18	The <u>Witness</u> . I will not speculate.
19	
20	BY MR. DOTSON:
21	Q You have no recollection of what the purpose of
22	this meeting was?
23	A It was to my recollection is as follows: It was
24	to share and collect the judgments of how other people
25	reviewed the importance of this petition.

1	d I believe the fax talks about the potential of
2	responding on a joint or on an individual basis.
3	Was there a discussion about responding on a joint or on
4	an individual basis?
5	A I don't recall anything specifically. I think our
6	initial objective was to see if people cared. Did people see
7	this as an important development on the policy of global
8	climate change? So I do not recall whether we got to the
9	next steps or anything like that.
10	Q Did you think it was an important development?
11	A I did.
12	Q Was it part of your job as an employee of API to
13	organize a response of the other trade associations to this
14	development?
15	A Not necessarily and not so literally. My job at
16	the API was to reflect the policy guidance that I received
17	from my members on things, and so I didn't have an
18	independent so I didn't necessarily have an independent,
19	immediate responsibility to respond. I had to know what my
20	members thought.
21	Q Do you recall if organizing this meeting was your
22	idea, or did someone at API direct you to do it?
23	A I do not recall.
24	Q Okay. We are finished with that exhibit.
25	A I was

1	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> You've answered the question, Phil.
2	Excuse me a second.
3	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> I will ask the reporter to mark this
4	exhibit.
. 5	[Exhibit No. 4
6	was marked for identification.]
7	
8	BY MR. DOTSON:
9	Q Exhibit 4 is a document summarizing an agenda item
10	for a meeting of the API Climate Change Steering Group; is
11	that correct?
12	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . Let him take a look at the document if you
13	are going to ask him about the substance of it.
14	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> I am.
15	The <u>Witness</u> . November 10th.
16	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Finished?
17	The <u>Witness</u> . I am finished.
18	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . What was your question?
19	
20	BY MR. DOTSON:
21	Q This is an API document summarizing an agenda item
22	for the meeting of the API Climate Change Steering Group; is
23	that correct?
24	A It appears to be what you describe.
25	Q The committee has reason to believe that you

•	prepared this document. Did you prepare this document?
2	A I don't I don't recall preparing it.
3	Q Would you have been the API staff member to have
4	prepared this document for a November 10th, 1999, meeting?
5	A It would have been likely, but as you know, the
6	Assistant General Counsel, David Deal, was on that initial
7	invitation, and I just can't really recall who held the pen
8	to draft up this action item issue paper, whether I wrote it
9	or whether someone else wrote it. I don't I don't
10	remember writing it.
11	Q Whether or not you wrote this document, you would
12	have reviewed this document and approved it; is that correct?
13	A I would have approved it to send out to our members
14	along with an agenda.
15	Q And you would have presented this at the meeting;
16	is that correct?
17	A Not necessarily. David Deal could have presented
18	it to the members. I do not recall who presented it.
19	Q Are there other API staff who could have presented
20	it?
21	A Well, we had a legal office, and we had lawyers
22	assigned to work assigned to provide time to the Climate
23	Team, and so this is primarily a legal proceeding, so someone
24	in the Office of General Counsel could very well have managed
25	this element of the agenda.

1	Q Ultimately, the preparation and review and approval
2	of this document was your responsibility?
3	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . Is that a question or a statement?
4	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . That is a question.
5	
6	BY MR. DOTSON:
7	Q Is that correct?
8	A Ultimately just say the statement again.
9	Q Ultimately, the preparation, review and approval of
10	this document was your responsibility; is that correct?
11	A Yes, I believe so.
12	Q As you can see at the bottom of this document,
13	there is a line that reads "Recommendation: Endorse plan to
14	coordinate joint industry response."
15	Was that your recommendation at the time?
16	A I think it was, but I do not specifically recall.
17	This is
18	Q Is there another person whose recommendation it
19	could have been?
20	A Well, the team met once a week, and the team would
21	often come to conclusions for preferred courses of action,
22	and so
23	Q You would have approved of this recommendation even
24	if you hadn't initially created the recommendation; is that
25	correct?

1	A I would have approved its being sent to the member
2	companies as part of an agenda for the meeting, and I likely
3	endorsed the plan, but I don't specifically recall.
4	Q According to this exhibit, one aspect of a joint
5	industry response would be to demonstrate, quote, "industry's
6	unity and resolve opposing the petition," unquote.
7	Why would API want to demonstrate that?
8	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> If you know.
9	The Witness. Because we did not we did not generally
10	support an expansive view of EPA's jurisdiction under the
11	Clean Air Act, and this clearly would have broadened it
12	substantially and may have brought harmful policies to the
13	country. We thought the Kyoto Protocol was a harmful policy.
14	
15	BY MR. DOTSON:
16	Q Who attended this API Climate Change Steering Group
17	meeting?
18	A I do not recall.
19	Q Do you recall what the outcome of discussion was on
20	this agenda item?
21	A I do not recall the outcome of the discussion. I
22	can say that a joint effort did unfold to oppose the
23	petition.
24	Q For the record, did API believe that carbon dioxide
25	was a pollutant under the Clean Air Act?

1	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> If you recall.
2	The Witness. I think it was I don't think API had a
3	preexisting petition. I think the petition
4	
5	BY MR. DOTSON:
6	Q Do you mean "position"?
7	A Oh, excuse me. The position on whether carbon
8	dioxide was covered by the Clean Air Act. I think we were in
9	the midst of formulating a position in response to the
10	petition that had been filed. I don't know that we had
11	thought hard about the question before the petition was
12	filed.
13	Q As a lawyer, did you believe that carbon dioxide
14	was a pollutant under the Clean Air Act?
15	A I didn't have an opinion because my role was as the
16	team leader. And we had a lawyer on the team, and the lawyer
17	was supposed to make the hard legal analysis of whether it
18	was or was not. I was the team leader coordinating advocacy
19	in a general sense.
20	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> Okay. We are finished with that exhibit.
21	Okay. I will ask the reporter to mark this exhibit.
22	[Exhibit No. 5
23	was marked for identification.]
24	
25	BY MR. DOTSON:

1	Q Exhibit 5 is a letter to Fred Smith of the
2	Competitive Enterprise Institute, or CEI, from the API; is
3	that correct?
4	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Can I just clarify the question?
5	It is unsigned. Do you mean, is it a draft, or is it a
6	copy of a letter that was sent? There is no signature on it
7	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> There is no signature on it. There is no
8	signature on the letter.
9	The <u>Witness.</u> Or letterhead.
10	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . That is true.
11	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . Are you asking whether he wrote this
12	letter? Because, if you are not, I'm not sure you had
13	better ask him if he is familiar with it. I don't know
14	whether he knows what this is.
15	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> I will let him review the letter first.
16	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Okay. Sure.
17	The <u>Witness.</u> I have reviewed the letter. What is your
18	question?
19	
20	BY MR. DOTSON:
21	Q We believe that this is a letter to Fred Smith of
22	the Competitive Enterprise Institute, or CEI, from the API;
23	is that correct?
24	A It appears to be, but it IS unsigned, and there is
25	no letterhead, so I really can't speak to its authenticity.

1	Q The committee has reason to believe that you
2	drafted this letter. Did you draft this letter?
3	A I do not recall drafting this letter, and what I
4	would say in addition is that I did not go to Buenos Aires,
5	so I wouldn't have hoped to run into this CEI contingent at
6	that time.
7	Q Did you ever draft letters for Bill O'Keefe in your
8	position at API?
9	A I did. I did.
10	Q Do you believe that you drafted this letter for
11	Bill O'Keefe at API?
12	A I do not know.
13	Q Did Bill O'Keefe attend Buenos Aires in that year?
14	A I believe I remember he went to Kyoto. I just
15	can't remember if he went to Buenos Aires. I think he did,
16	but I don't specifically remember. It was 1998, so it was a
17	long time ago.
18	Q Is this letter typical of the kind of letter that
19	you would draft for Bill O'Keefe?
20	A I did a lot of miscellaneous letters, and this
21	could have been typical of one that I would have written for
22	him.
23	Q Would it have been typical for API to have provided
24	\$10,000 to CEI so that CEI sould attend a United Nations

conference on climate change?

A well, you know, I really can't speak to what was
typical at that time. I was counsel to Bill O'Keefe, but
we at the time that I was serving, I was working on a lot
of projects. We cut our staff from 600 to 300. We changed
offices. We did a lot of things that were organizational.
We had an early retirement program I remember working on. I
worked on a lot of miscellaneous aspects of a major
reorganization at API during the transition to Red Cavaney as
the president, and so I was counsel to Bill O'Keefe. But I
was working on a lot of organizational issues. I did work
from time to time on little things for Bill that would relate
to climate, but I worked on a whole host of random
organizational issues. I was an assistant to a senior
executive, and he had a big portfolio of things. There was a
separate Climate Program, a team at that time, and I was not
on the team. I don't know what the program was. I don't
believe I had joined that team in 1998. So there was climate
change activity at API and a program and, perhaps, funding
for CEI, but I did a lot of miscellaneous things when I was
counsel to the executive vice president, to Bill O'Keefe, and
I was not there were people who were integral in working
on climate change all the time, and I really was not at that
time. I would come in contact with it and do little things,
but there were a lot of people working hard on the issue.
Mr Tuchev Evouse me

I	
2	BY MR. DOTSON:
3	Q More generally, was it typical for API to fund
4	think tanks or advocacy groups to do work on climate change?
5	A Yes, API did that.
6	Q And how much money would you estimate API provided
7	to these groups in any given year?
8	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> For climate change?
9	
10	BY MR. DOTSON:
11	Q For climate change.
12	A I really do not recall specifically whether the
13	budget was for grant funding for third-party groups. I just
14	don't not recall specifically.
15	Q Do you recall any specific groups that received
16	funding?
17	A I do.
18	Q Would you list them for us?
19	A There was funding to the Heartland Institute.
20	There was funding to Reason Organization. There was funding
21	to the CEI, the Competitive Enterprise Institute. There was
22	funding to the Acton Institute. Oh, there was funding to the
23	American Council on Capital Formation.
24	Q What did API hope to accomplish by providing
25	funding to these groups?

1	A line promotion of free market principles. That was
2	the essential philosophy of those groups.
3	Q Was there any climate change specific goal that API
4	hoped to achieve by funding these groups?
5	A These groups were opposed publicly to the Kyoto
6	Protocol, and from time to time, they would analyze or write
7	about the negative impacts of the Kyoto Protocol and would
8	advocate against it, testify before Congress.
9	Q Okay. We are done with that exhibit.
10	Can you tell me who Russell Jones is?
11	A I can. He is well, I think now he is a senior
12	economist at the American Petroleum Institute. He is
13	that's who he is.
14	Q When you were last in the position you held at API,
15	what was your relationship to Russell Jones?
16	A Russell had preceded me as the team leader -
17	Climate Team, and when I became the team leader, because they
18	rotated these things, he served as one of the economists on
19	the team, but we had several economists on the team.
20	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . Okay. I will ask the reporter to mark this
21	exhibit.
22	[Exhibit No. 6
23	was marked for identification.]
24	
25	Mr. Tuohey. Take your time and read it

1 2 BY MR. DOTSON: 3 Exhibit 6 is an internal API document prepared 0 4 during API's budget review in 1999; is that correct? 5 Mr. Tuohey. Let him take a look at the document. 6 Review it. The Witness. What year is it? 1999, you said? 7 8 9 BY MR. DOTSON: 10 Q 1999. 11 Α And it is a budget? 12 It is an internal API document prepare during API's 0 13 budget review in 1999. 14 Α Okay. 15 Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Is there a question pending, Greg, on this? 16 What is the question? 17 Mr. Dotson. I am asking him if that is correct. 18 Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Oh, if that is correct? 19 Mr. Dotson. Yes. 20 Mr. Tuohey. Okay. I take it your question is asking him whether he knows whether that's the case as opposed to 21 reading the document and asking if that is what it sounds 22 23 I mean, there is no foundation if he is familiar with 24 the document. Are you going to ask him whether he has ever 25 seen it, or whether he knows what it is?

1	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> We will be talking about that, yes.
2	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Okay.
3	The <u>Witness.</u> Okay. What's your question? I'm sorry.
4	
5	BY MR. DOTSON:
6	Q Is that an API internal document prepared during
7	API's budget review in 1999?
8	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Do you know what it is?
9	The Witness. Well, it is talking about the proposed
10	2000 program budget of \$3.8 million, so it seems to be
11	getting into I mean, I don't it appears to be that, and
12	reading it, it rings bells.
13	
14	BY MR. DOTSON:
15	Q It seems familiar to you?
16	A It seems familiar to me now that I look at it. I
17	haven't thought of it since, but it is familiar.
18	Q Nothing in the document makes you have doubts about
19	its authenticity; is that correct?
20	A That is correct.
21	Q The committee has reason to believe that Russell
22	Jones prepared this document and that you reviewed it.
23	Have you seen this document before?
24	A I believe I have seen the document before. I do
25	not recall who reviewed or approved it.

1	Q Can you recall under what circumstance you saw the
2	document?
3	A Under what circumstance I saw it?
4	Q What situation you were in.
5	A Well, there is a budget preparation process on
6	individual issues that occurs at API, and I just don't
7	remember at what point in the process this document was
8	developed, but it appears to have been developed during that
9	process.
10	Q Okay. I would like to direct your attention to the
11	first page, to text beginning on the seventh line of the
12	document. It reads, "Climate is at the center of industry's
13	business interests. Policies limiting carbon emissions
14	reduce petroleum product use. That is why it is API's
15	highest priority issue and defined as 'strategic.'"
16	API was concerned about the issue of climate change
17	because they did not want this country or other countries to
18	reduce petroleum product use; is that correct?
19	A Someone wrote that reason on this sheet. API had a
20	number of policy concerns relating to climate that went
21	beyond the narrow potential of reduced petroleum use. I
22	think that there was a genuine and well-founded and consensus
23	view among the membership that the Kyoto Protocol would have

been harmful for the American economy and the world economy

and was bad public policy and that we, as an industry, along

24

1	with other industries and other voices in society should ste
2	up and oppose harmful public policies, but I don't deny that
3	there was a parochial interest to the industry based upon
4	these words that are on this sheet.
5	Q So it is accurate to say that the industry did not
6	want to reduce carbon emissions, one of the reasons being
7	that they did not want to reduce petroleum product use?
8	Mr. Tuohey. Are you asking him whether he agrees with
9	that statement?
10	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . Yes.
11	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . Do you agree with that statement?
12	The <u>Witness.</u> I'm sorry. I don't mean to overthink, but
13	I don't think that they wanted to risk a reduced reliance on
14	petroleum based upon provisional science, emerging science or
15	based upon harmful public policies. So it is just a broader
16	concern than merely less petroleum use.
17	
18	BY MR. DOTSON:
19	Q So, to summarize, I believe what you are saying is
20	they did not believe the science yet justified reducing
21	petroleum product use?
22	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Is that what you're saying or not?
23	The <u>Witness</u> . I think there was a concern that the
24	science was not sufficiently well understood to justify
25	legally mandated reductions in energy use.

1	
2	BY MR. DOTSON:
3	Q In going back to your previous statements, when yo
4	worked on climate change, you were working to represent API's
5	position, correct?
6	A Correct.
7	Q And so your efforts would be reflected in or the
8	goals of your efforts would be reflected in these kinds of
9	concerns; is that correct?
10	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> In which kinds of concerns?
11	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . Concerns about reduced petroleum product
12	use.
13	
14	BY MR. DOTSON:
15	Q That was a concern of your member companies, and
16	therefore, it was your concern since you were head of the
17	Climate Team; is that correct?
18	A Yes.
19	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . Excuse me a second.
20	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . I will just note for the record that
21	counsel is that Mr. Cooney's counsel is consulting with
22	him.
23	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Yes, I am advising him, not consulting him
24	He is not consulting with me. I am advising him.

1	BY MR. DOTSON:
2	Q You have mentioned several times that API was very
3	concerned about the Kyoto Protocol, and part of your job was
4	to oppose the Kyoto Protocol; is that correct?
5	A Yes.
6	Q Can I ask you to turn to Page 3 of the document in
7	front of you?
8	On this page, it envisioned a \$2 million external
9	expenditure program on climate that is discussed. At the
10	bottom of the page, it says that \$100,000 could be provided
11	for climate science and science uncertainty research.
12	Please describe what API envisioned accomplishing with
13	these funds.
14	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Do you understand the question?
15	The Witness. Could you ask the question again?
16	
17	BY MR. DOTSON:
18	Q Under the last bullet of the page, Strategy 3.
19	A Yes.
20	Q It discusses an expenditure of \$100,000 for climate
21	science and science uncertainty research, and I am asking
22	what API envisioned accomplishing with these funds.
23	A I don't really recall. It cites the National
24	Environmental Policy Institute and the CATO Institute, and I
25	do not recall what they were doing on those on that set of

1	issues that would have warranted a contribution.
2	Q Are those organizations typically thought of as
3	scientific institutes?
4	A I can't really speak to how they are characterized
5	Q Do you
6	A In general, people have different views of them.
7	Q Do you think that this \$100,000 would be used for
8	hard research or for more advocacy work on the issue of
9	research?
10	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> If you know.
11	The <u>Witness.</u> I don't know.
12	
13	BY MR. DOTSON:
14	Q ON the last two lines of the page, \$100,000 is
15	described as being provided for health research to address
16	vector-borne disease claims. Please describe what API
17	envisioned accomplishing with these funds.
18	A I do not recall. I do not recall.
19	Q At this time, you may recall that the issue of
20	vector-borne disease and its connection with climate change
21	was something that was being debated in the media within
22	Congress elsewhere. Does that help refresh your memory at
23	all about what these funds could have been used for?
24	A I just don't remember specifically.
25	O Could you make a general statement of what you

ı	think they might have been used for?
2	Mr. Tuohey. I mean, that calls for speculation. He
3	said he doesn't know.
4	Mr. Dotson. Well, speculation is not an objection that
5	applies in this proceeding.
6	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Well, I'm not sure I agree with that
7	statement at all. If it calls for speculation, I am not
8	going to let him speculate.
9	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> Well, what I am asking him is based on his
10	experience at API. He has a very clear understanding of wha
11	API was doing on a day-to-day basis. He is familiar with
12	these issues. We certainly see that in his edits of EPA
13	reports, of Climate Change Science Program reports. This is
14	not an abstract issue.
15	
16	BY MR. DOTSON:
17	Q This is an issue that you have demonstrated
18	familiarity with in the documents we have reviewed, and I am
19	guessing that you can make a general statement about what you
20	think API would be funding with \$100,000 in vector-borne
21	research in connection with climate.
22	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> That is a fair question, and if he is able
23	to answer it, he can.
24	Can you answer it?
25	The <u>Witness.</u> What I remember when I became the team

•	reader was that we had runded carnegle herron for several
2	years, and I think it was Granger Morgan at Carnegie Mellon
3	for several years, and it was sort of a it was not a
4	standing grant, but we had confidence in their research, and
5	I would merely add that Granger Morgan and his views on
6	climate change science and health impacts varied over the
7	years. They were not constant, but I recall that we had
8	funded Carnegie Mellon, and I sort of inherited that. I was
9	sort of told when I was team leader that that is something we
10	fund, and so it is in the budget there, and I don't really
11	you know, we had scientists on the Multidisciplinary Team.
12	So we had people who had the relationship with Carnegie
13	Mellon who knew what it was about, but I didn't really ever
14	get involved. I don't believe I ever met Mr. Morgan. He
15	didn't come and report to me on the work he was doing at
16	Carnegie Mellon. We had a Multidisciplinary Team. The
17	scientists on the team may have met with Carnegie Mellon and
18	understood, but I was running, as you can see, a fairly broad
19	program, and I really was not directly involved with the
20	knowledge of the work that was being funded there.
21	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . Okay. We are done with that document, with
22	that exhibit, and that is the end of the first hour.
23	EXAMINATION

24 BY MS. SAFAVIAN:

25

Q Mr. Cooney, just to reintroduce myself, my name is

1	Jennifer Safavian. I would like to take you back a little
2	bit with how we started with when you started at CEQ.
3	Were you the first Chief of Staff at CEQ under the
4	Bush administration? You said you started on June 25th. Do
5	I have that right?
6	A I did. I started on June 25th and, the chairman
7	began, I think, a week or two before I had. We had carried
8	over, though, the Clinton administration Chief of Staff,
9	Judy I cannot remember her last name but she stayed and
10	acted and continued to serve as Chief of Staff of the council
11	through May, I believe, so we had some holdovers at CEQ from
12	the prior administration. Ian Bowles was another person who
13	was held over from the administration and continued to work
14	at CEQ for several months under the new administration.
15	Q So you were Chairman Connaughton's first chief of
16	staff?
17	A I was Chairman Connaughton's first chief of staff,
18	yes.
19	Q Okay. Great.
20	I know you kind of already generally described what your
21	job responsibilities were, but who directed you? Who told
22	you what your job responsibilities were going to be?
23	A Well, Mr. Connaughton was my boss, and he was the
24	chairman.
25	Q So the two of you together kind of determined what

your role and responsibilities and duties would include?

A It became that way, but initially, I did what the chairman asked me to do, and I was assigned work by the chairman, and I -- you know, it was a new job. I wanted the chairman to be happy. I was his chief of staff, and I was trying to be very attuned to exactly what he wanted in terms of setting up the office, having issues covered. You know, I was very linked to him in the initial few months. He later gained confidence in me to prepare budgets and things like that, and I did that, and I did not consult with him until it was at the end of the process, so -- but at the beginning, we worked very closely, and I was assigned work by the chairman.

Q Okay. Can you explain to me, when you first started, how -- because you mentioned earlier that part of your role or CEQ's responsibility was the policy, the President's climate change policy. So, when you first started and even throughout your tenure there, how did you know what the President's climate change policy was?

A Well, fortunately, for me, particularly, the President gave a major speech on the climate change policy in the Rose Garden with his Cabinet-level review group with which he had been meeting for several months to devise a policy, and he gave the policy speech on June 11th, 2001, and in conjunction -- so that is on the White House Web site.

And in conjunction with giving the speech, the administration

l iss	ued a	very	broad	policy	book.
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2 Mr. Tuohey. Let the record reflect the witness is holding a copy of the Climate Change Review Initial Report of 3 the President, June 11th, 2001, which is a public document. 4 5

I assume counsel has it.

The Witness. And this issue of climate change was obviously a huge priority for the new administration in the spring of 2001. The President assembled a Cabinet-level I think there were ten Cabinet Secretaries. I think they met seven or eight times and had economists and scientists and other people brief them as they considered policy.

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## BY MS. SAFAVIAN:

But you were not involved in that process because Q you hadn't started yet?

No, I had not started yet. That is exactly right.

So, when I came in -- and I would just add additionally that assembled at CEQ was one of these interagency ad hoc teams, maybe 15 people, from the different Federal agencies who were advising on the President's policy speech that he gave on June 11th and were helping to prepare and vet the elements of this policy book that he issued on June 11th. They went back to their agencies, you know, right before I arrived, but when I arrived, this was on my desk.

the President's policy, and --

2 Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> You don't need it. I mean, if you want to 3 refer to it --

The Witness. There is one thing I would refer to because I think it is relevant, and I would just offer it about -- and that is that Chapter 3 of the policy book talked about advancing the science of climate change, and it reflected in great detail the findings of a National Academy of Sciences' Report that the President's Cabinet-level review committee had requested, which was delivered to the President, you know, I think at the end of May or early June. but if you read Chapter 3 of the policy book, it describes and itemizes very specifically -- maybe there are 50 specific quotes from the National Academy of Sciences, itemizing priority research areas and fundamental -- in the words of the National Academy of Sciences, fundamental scientific uncertainties relating to climate change, and the President embraced those findings in this policy book, and as you will see, had many specific quotes from the National Academy Report, and he committed to address those uncertainties that were identified in that report in June 2001, and again, this all preceded my coming, but when I came, the table was fairly well set as to the President's policy on science, and his priorities on climate change science were pretty well set.

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1	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
2	Q So, to familiarize yourself with what the
3	President's policy was, you referred to the climate change
4	review
5	A Yes, the initial review report and the speech that
6	he gave in the Rose Garden where he spoke at length of the
7	climate change science.
8	Q And the National Academy of Sciences' 2001 Report?
9	A Yes.
10	Q So, through your tenure at CEQ, those documents
11	that we just mentioned, were those ones you continued to rely
12	on and go back to, or did other reports come out? Did things
13	change? If you could, kind of, you know, educate us on that.
14	A Some things changed and evolved because there is
15	always new scientific information emerging, but I would say
16	that these documents and the policies set forth in these
17	documents were foundational to the administration.
18	Q So no large, substantive changes to those
19	documents?
20	A No.
21	Q Okay.
22	A These were foundational guidance for our work in
23	the White House policy shop to make sure that all future
24	efforts of the administration that we were called upon to
25	review were aligned with the President's stated amignition

1 Q Okay. 2 Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>

Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Let the record reflect the witness has also referred to a second document, which is the Climate Change Science of the National Academy of Sciences. That is the second document he has referred to together with the Climate Change Review. Thank you.

BY MS. SAFAVIAN:

Q Okay. Can you explain to me -- because I've got to tell you that I have had a little trouble understanding CEQ and all of the different entities or agencies that the President relies on for his climate change policy and the science.

Is there some way you could kind of walk me through who everybody was, where CEQ fit in that, and if it is helpful at all -- and I don't know if it is -- I have got this chart, this diagram --

A Yes.

Q -- which you can refer to, and maybe it will help you answer all of the questions, but if it doesn't, feel free to ignore it, and I can pass that out.

Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Let the record further reflect that the diagram of the document presented to the witness is a chart entitled Office of the President with subdivision designations for the Committee on Climate Change Science and Technology and other related working groups in the Climate

1	Change Science Program.
2	Ms. Safavian. And, if we could, we will go ahead and
3	mark that as Exhibit 7.
4	[Exhibit No. 7
5	was marked for identification.]
6	
7	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
8	Q So that is a broad question I am asking you, but
9	I'm trying to understand maybe where CEQ fits within the
10	administration when it comes to the President's climate
11	change policy and these other organizations.
12	A Well, CEQ, after the President issued his June 11t
13	policy, was assigned a major responsibility to address the
14	issue of greenhouse gas mitigation. If you read the
15	President's policy of June 11th, it talked a lot about
16	scientific initiatives. It talked a lot about technology
17	initiatives. It talked a lot about certain principles for
18	reducing greenhouse gas emissions, but it was not specific o
19	a roadmap for reducing greenhouse gas emissions in the
20	United States, and when Mr. Connaughton came in, he was name
21	the Coordinator, the Continuing Coordinator, for the
22	Cabinet-level review process, and everyone recognized I
23	don't know that there was an additional element of
24	policymaking that needed to be developed within the

administration, and that was "what is our route to reducing

greenhouse gas emissions"? Chairman Connaughton led that
effort with Cabinet members and supported by his staff a
policymaking effort that culminated in the President on
February 14th, 2002, delivering his second major speech on
global climate change, and that was the speech in which he
articulated a national goal for the American economy to
reduce the greenhouse gas intensity by 18 percent within a
decade, and if that

Q Let me say, just with regard to that, who all -- I mean, CEQ was obviously involved in that, and then you said there were how many other agencies or departments?

A The Cabinet-level review that the President had convened in the spring of 2001 remained in place, and Jim Connaughton, the chairman of CEQ, was the policy coordinator for this element of remaining policymaking, and so what he would do would be to go and visit individual Cabinet Secretaries and solicit their input on emerging ideas, policymaking that we were undertaking, to reduce -- to have a plan to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and it was very labor-intensive on his part, and it was -- you know, it was a huge effort.

After that, on February 25th, after the President gave his speech on February 14th, which was another big policy book articulating the 18-percent greenhouse gas reduction intensity goal, but it also laid out a whole host of

1	mechanisms for achieving that national goal, so it had a lot
2	of policymaking in the policy book as well on mitigation.
- 3	I believe, on February 25th, Chairman Connaughton issued
4	this organizational chart to the members of the Cabinet-level
5	review. There is a cover memorandum which is not here today,
6	but it was approved at a Cabinet-level meeting, I believe, at
7	the end of January 2002, that this would be the
8	organizational chart for managing climate change policy
9	within the administration, and Chairman Connaughton issued
10	this organizational chart at the end of February 2002, and at
11	the top, it still has the "Office of the President" and sort
12	of a placeholder for the Cabinet-level review which had been
13	coordinated by different offices, but then it set out, you
14	know
15	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> The chart speaks for itself.
16	The <u>Witness</u> . Yes, the chart speaks for itself. I think
17	it does anyway, but CEQ, obviously, is represented in a
18	number of the boxes with leadership positions, and
19	
20	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
21	Q Yes, I do see that, but I don't see CEQ listed in
22	each box.
23	A They are not. CEO, importantly was listed on the

top box, the Committee on Climate Change Science and

Technology Integration. The CEQ chairman participates on

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that along with Cabinet Secretaries, and then the Interagency Working Group on Climate Change Science and Technology also had deputy and undersecretary level people in various Cabinet departments with CEQ also represented in that group, and that group was really the higher level working group that would guide the implementation of the Climate Change Science Program and the Climate Change Technology Programs that the President had announced on June 11th, 2001.

Q So, to get it to be the President's policy, it would kind of work its way -- after this was initiated, this chart, it would work its way up through the chart so that the Committee on Climate Change Science and Technology Integration were really the core group of people who would make those decisions?

A You know, I would say that 90 percent of the work was done, actually, at the Deputy Secretary level. Although, when it comes to a whole host of reports about climate change, whether it is the Our Changing Planet Report or the 10-year Strategic Plan, those documents were signed by the Secretaries of Energy, Commerce and the President's White House Science Advisor, and so, you know, they were transmitted to Congress with a cover letter from the Secretary and the President's Science Advisor.

Q Okay. You referenced the February 25th, 2002, policy or you stated that that was like the President's next

large policy initiative.

percent by 2012.

A Yes.

- Q What was that called, do you remember?
- I have that policy book right here as well, and it is available on the White House Web site, both the President's speech that he gave at NOAA that day and his policy book entitled, U.S. Climate Change Strategy, a New Approach, and it was issued February 14th, 2002, but it is a speech in which we issued a lot of elements of mitigation policy to achieve the President's national goal of reducing greenhouse gas intensity of the American economy by 18
  - Q Okay. Can you tell me, when it came to large documents -- like you mentioned the strategic plan, the 10-year Strategic Plan or Our Changing Planet or the draft report on the environment by EPA; when we're talking about those major documents, can you tell us, if you know, what the process was as far as the review, like, you know, the timeline or the -- explain for us how that came to be developed, and then, who would review it? When did CEQ get involved? Do you understand what I'm asking? I just want to know from you if you would explain to us -- and we can start with the strategic plan because it may be different for each one if that is a good one to start with.

25 A Yes.

- Q For the strategic plan, can you kind of explain?
  Now that was CCSP's 10-year plan.
- 3 A Yes.
- Q So I know they've got their own box here and their own people within that box.
- 6 A Yes.
- Q So maybe -- I will just let you, actually, tell me.
- 8 Do you know how that started and how that came to be?
- 9 A I think -- you know, I do not recall specifically,
- but Dr. Mahoney probably announced it to the blue box, the
- interagency core group, that he was probably going to
- 12 undertake a 10-year strategic plan.
- Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Let me just interrupt for a second.
- We are talking about the strategic plan -- let the
- record reflect that we are talking about the strategic plan
- for the U.S. Climate Change Science Program, a report by the
- 17 Climate Change Science Program, CCSP referred to by Counsel,
- and the Subcommittee on Global Change and Research. That is
- 19 the plan that is being referred to, and the date is July of
- 20 2003.
- 21 The <u>Witness</u>. Correct.
- 22 Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Okay. Your question, Counsel, is for the
- 23 witness to explain what process was used to review this plan
- or to come up with this plan?
- Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Right, because we have seen many

1 versions, draft versions, of this plan --2 The Witness. Yes. Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> -- with several, you know, different 3 4 dates. 5 The Witness. Right. 6 7 BY MS. SAFAVIAN: So I am curious. How does it get to that stage? 8 Q 9 How does it get to you also? I want to go back. You mentioned the blue box, and I have seen that referred to, and 10 11 I didn't know what that meant before --12 Right. -- but now, based on Exhibit 7, you are saying the 13 14 blue-shaded box on this? 15 It became within the administration known as Α Yes. the "blue box," and it is a box that met every 6 weeks or 2 16 months to go through a whole host of issues related to global 17 18 climate change. Mr. Tuohey. Let the record reflect again that, on 19 20 Exhibit Number 7, the blue box is referred to as the Interagency Working Group on Climate Change Science and 21 Technology. That is the box with a number of organizations 22 23 referred to therein. Is that what you're talking about? Is that what you're 24 25 talking about?

- 1 The Witness. Yes.
- 2 Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Okay. Thank you.
- Thank you, Counsel.
- 4 Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Sure.

The <u>Witness</u>. On the 10-year Strategic Plan, I think that there was -- I recall, you know, a very elaborate process of review, particularly of public review. The plan was -- elements of the draft plan were posted on a Web site in November of 2002, and a major international workshop was held in December of 2002 here in Washington, D.C., at which 1,300 scientists from 36 countries attended to provide comments on our draft, so it was a very transparent process.

Also, the draft plan was sent to the National Academy of Sciences for its review, and they issued their opinion of the draft in February of 2003. So, through the spring of 2003, I think that the office and Dr. Mahoney and his people were working very hard to respond to the guidance that they had requested and received from the National Academy of Sciences and the 1,300 public comments that were offered at this workshop; 1,300 participants participated in this workshop, but there was a huge volume of comments on the draft strategic plan, public comments.

There was then a narrower level of review that took place sometime later in the spring of 2003, that Dr. Mahoney initiated, which preceded what we called the "formal OMB

review." When OMB takes a document, it is generally at its 1 2 They circulate it out to any agency affected, final stage. really, by the contents of the document. So, in this case, 3 it was probably sent out to 17 agencies for their formal 4 review and comments on the plan, and at the same time, was 5 sent to probably 5 separate White House offices and other 6 White House staff, but it was sent out very broadly by OMB 7 for comment. OMB collected the comments from all of these 8 individuals and, from what I understand, gave a synthesized 9 10 summary of all of the comments that had been received in interagency review to Dr. Mahoney, who was the Assistant 11 Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere and in charge 12 of the Climate Change Science Program, and Dr. Mahoney took 13 those comments, and he either accepted changes or did not 14 15 accept changes, but he made the final resolution on the 16 content of the plan with the benefit of the comments that he had received from the agencies and the White House offices, 17 and in the case of the strategic plan, actually, because it 18 19 was a very high-profile document and one had not been done in 20 a long time even though the statute called for it, he required of the agencies that they formally sign a 21 concurrence sheet in the final report before it was issued in 22 23 July of 2003, and you know, I have been reviewing the 24 documents that you have in your possession that CEQ has given you, and I see that I formally concurred for CEQ on the

issuance of the final report in July 2003, but CEQ, along with a host of affected Federal agencies and other White House offices, provided comments sort of throughout the process. It was like a year-long process from beginning to end -- the public workshops, the public comments, the National Academy of Sciences' review, and then another round of internal reviews before it was finally published -- but that was our process.

## BY MS. SAFAVIAN:

Q So were you responsible at CEQ for reviewing this document?

A I shared responsibility with Bryan Hannegan, who joined our staff in the spring of 2003. He, himself, was a Ph.D. I think he has his Ph.D. in Atmospheric Chemistry or something like that, but he is, you know, a climate scientist in every sense, and he and I both commented on the strategic plan, and we coordinated our comments back to OMB.

Q So, when you say the two of you worked on it and you coordinated your comments, did you put them together and send them off or did yours go up on your own and his went up under his name?

A In some cases, I see that he sent up individual comments, and I sent up individual comments at different stages in the process, but at other stages, you will see

- joint typed comments that synthesized both of our comments, and I think -- my recollection is that he kindly typed them and prepared them. He took my comments and his and made them
- 4 into one and gave them back to the agency, to the OMB.
  - Q And when did CEQ or you and Mr. Hannegan first get involved with the strategic plan? At what stage did you first receive it to provide your comments?
- A I can't really remember the exact dates. In the spring of 2003.
- 10 Q So it was after the public comments?

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- A Yes. There were a whole round -- there was a whole round of interagency review after the public workshop and the National Academy of Sciences review. There were a couple of drafts that evolved in the spring of 2003 on which we both worked. What I am trying to recall is whether CEQ commented on the initial draft strategic plan in the fall of 2002, and I cannot remember if we did or not.
- Q You can't remember what the first draft was that you saw of it?
- 20 A Yes, I don't exactly remember.
- Q How quickly did the National Academy of Sciences get back their comments?
- A They got them back pretty quickly if our -- if the draft plan was posted on the Web site in November of 2002 and the National Academy of Sciences -- I think they gave a

- recommendation -- they gave their feedback on the draft in February 2003, and then --
- Q I'm sorry. Were they specific details, I mean
  comments, or was it just a general recommendation? I mean,
  can you just explain?
  - A Oh, no. It was quite detailed from the National Academy of Sciences. You know, as I recall, they commented -- the document, itself, was very long, and they commented on many dimensions and aspects of the draft plan, and you know, I think that the program tried very hard to respond to the National Academy of Sciences' feedback, and in the end, the National Academy of Sciences welcomed the final plan that was issued in July of 2003. They supported the final plan, so they took a review of the final plan as well and essentially endorsed it.
  - Q And, after, you said OMB would send around -- when it got closer to the final version of this plan, they would send it back around to everybody who was affected by it for comments.
- A Yes.

- Q Then those comments were sent back to OMB or to Dr. Mahoney?
  - A They were sent back to OMB, and then, I think, OMB transmitted them to Dr. Mahoney for his final review and the decision as to whether to include comments or to not include

1	comments.
2	Q So the final say on whether a comment was going to
3	be included or an edit was going to be made was
4	Dr. Mahoney's?
5	A It was because he was the Director of the Climate
6	Change Science Program in this bottom organizational box that
7	I am holding up. You know, it is the same organizational
8	chart that we've been talking about, but he was the Director
9	of the program. He, himself, of course, is an eminent
10	scientist, and he had the final decision-making on the
11	content of the plan.
12	Now, as I said, in this case, he did ask every agency
13	for a formal concurrence, and I assume, because the plan was
14	issued, that he got the formal concurrence from every agency.
15	He got it from our agency.
16	Q And would that be every agency listed in this box,
17	the Climate Change Science Program box on Exhibit 7?
18	A You know, I think it would be I think it would
19	be even more agencies than that
20	Q Oh.
21	A because, really, the 10-year Strategic Plan
22	establishes research priorities for a whole host of agencies
23	and subagencies, and so, I think I believe that it was a
24	broader review than just these agencies in this box. I think

a lot of agencies were affected by this plan and would have

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1
        reviewed it.
 2
                  Okay. Keeping with the strategic plan, I think
        what I would like to show you right now, this is Exhibit 8.
 3
 4
                               [Exhibit No. 8
 5
                               was marked for identification.1
 6
 7
                  BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
 8
             Q
                  Mr. Cooney, what this is -- as you can see from the
        cover of it, it is a memo from Rick Piltz, dated June 1st,
 9
10
        2005, to the U.S. Climate Change Science Program agency
11
        principals.
12
             Α
                  Yes.
13
             0
                  Let me just start by asking you: Have you ever
14
        seen this document before?
15
                  I think I have. I think I read it once.
16
                  Okay. Was that because it was sent to you
             0
17
        initially? Because I do not see your name on here, so --
18
             Α
                  No, it was not sent to me.
19
             Mr. Tuohey. Do you want to ask him when he first saw
20
        it?
21
             Ms. Safavian. Sure.
22
23
                  BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
24
             Q
                  When did you first see it?
25
                  It was in the summer of 2005. I think it was on a
             Α
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1
         Web site or something.
                   We are not going to go over this whole thing, so
 2
         I'm not going to ask you to read the whole thing, but if you
 3
         would start with, on Page 10, I'm just going to look at a few
 4
         of the paragraphs, and we will go over just a couple of the
 5
 6
         paragraphs, and it is starting on Page 10, the second
 7
         paragraph. Are you there?
 8
              Α
                   Yes.
 9
                         It starts with, "the Executive Office of the
              Q
        President." Do you see that?
10
11
              Α
                   Yes.
                          I mean, if you want, why don't you go ahead
12
              Q
                   Okay.
        and just read that paragraph real quick.
13
14
             Α
                   Okay: Starting in 2002 --
15
             Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. To yourself.
16
             The <u>Witness</u>. Do you want me to read all of the
        paragraphs or just that one paragraph?
17
18
19
                  BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
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                  We will just do it paragraph by paragraph.
             Q
21
             Α
                   Yes.
22
                   So, with regard to this first paragraph --
             Q
23
                  Yes.
             Α
                  -- first of all, do you know who Rick Piltz is or
24
             0
25
        was at the time?
```

1	A I do. We were in many meetings together or in a
2	number of meetings.
3	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> They asked who he was, not what you did
4	with him. Who was he?
5	
6	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
7	Q Do you know who he was back in this time of June of
8	2005?
9	A He had resigned from Federal service by then.
10	Q And before he resigned, where was he?
11	A He was in the Climate Change Science Program
12	Office.
13	Q As what?
14	A I don't really know what his exact title was, but I
15	know that he had principal I understood he had principal
16	responsibility for preparing the annual budget report, Our
17	Changing Planet.
18	Q And do you know beyond that what his
19	responsibilities included?
20	A I don't.
21	Q Okay. Do you know who he reported to?
22	A I believe he reported to Richard Moss, who was the
23	director of the office, and Richard Moss, in turn, reported
24	to Dr. Mahoney. The office reported to Dr. Mahoney.
25	Q Okay. Back to this first paragraph that I asked

1	you to read, it says in here that it is referring to you,
2	that you were placed at the table at CCSP principal meetings
3	as the CEQ liaison.
4	Were you at such meetings? I'm not even sure what he
5	means by "principals meetings." Do you know what he is
6	referring to?
7	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Read the first sentence of that document.
8	Read the first sentence of that paragraph. Yes.
9	The <u>Witness</u> . The Executive Office -
10	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> No, to yourself. Read it to yourself, and
11	then answer the question.
12	The <u>Witness.</u> Okay.
13	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Your question, Counsel, was what was this
14	table at which CCSP principals met?
15	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Right.
16	
17	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
18	Q I am curious, Mr. Cooney, first of all, what he is
19	referring to when Mr. Piltz says, "CCSP principals meetings."
20	A I do. There were from the agencies, I would say
21	every 2 months, there was I mean, this is my recollection.
22	There was a meeting of principals to discuss the Science
23	Program at the Climate Change Science Program Office on
24	Pennsylvania Avenue.
25	Q And would these include the members again,

- referring back to the chart, the org chart, the principals
  are the ones from the members of these different departments?
- A Yes. People would come from those departments, and they would also come from, you know, White House offices.
  - Q And so were you present at these meetings?
- 6 A I was at a few.

- 7 Q But not routinely?
- A I think, when Bryan Hannegan joined our staff in, I think it was, the spring of 2003, he began to routinely attend those meetings, and I did not anymore.
- 11 Q Why is that?
- A Well, he had a great interest, first of all, and he, himself, you know, had a very strong background on climate change science, so it was natural for him to be interested and to want to attend those meetings, and I was glad to be -- I was glad that he attended.
- Q Could you say how many times you actually attended these types of meetings?
- A I don't really recall the exact number, but
  maybe -- I just don't recall the exact number, but they were
  occasional, and sometimes I would go and sometimes I would
  not. I don't really remember.
- Q And continuing on with that paragraph, he,

  Mr. Piltz, says in here that the CEQ Chief of Staff, meaning

  you, removed your name from the masthead of CCSP publications

- as of the last edition of Our Changing Planet and designated a new CEQ liaison to the principals committee.
- A That just goes to the inside cover, but here is an Our Changing Planet Report and who is named from the agencies on the inside cover, and since Bryan Hannegan was attending the meetings, his name went on the inside cover of the report because he was the one who was attending the meetings and really working in a detailed way with the program by that point.
- Q You said he started attending those meetings in 2003, right?
- 12 A Yes.

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- Q And this report was published in 2004 according to Mr. Piltz?
  - A I guess, but you prepared the budget for 2004 and 2003, so I am not exactly sure of the chronology, but Our Changing Planet is a budgetary -- it a supplement to the submission of the administration's budget for climate change research.
    - Q Then he goes on to say, "However, he," meaning you -- again, this is reporting back to Mr. Piltz' memo -- "remains engaged with the program, and CEQ continues to play an important role as a White House agent in CCSP governance."
- Is that an accurate description of CEQ's role of CCSP?
- 25 A I think it is his opinion.

Q Well, what was CEQ's role with CCSP? How did the two of you interrelate?

A The primary role of CEQ in these meetings was in ensuring that the budget implications of what was being planned were understood and accurate and agreed to. OMB was there, so we wanted to be sending up accurate budgets to Capitol Hill that accurately reflected the program.

Also, we would deal with, you know, just very ordinary types of management issues like, when do we think we're going to be able to publish the Our Changing Planet Report. One year, for example, they combined reports because we were preparing the 10-year Strategic Plan, so we submitted a 2-year report, but they were decisions like that -- managing the development and the scheduling of products, and when are we going to have the workshop.

Another agenda item I remember was should we bring in the National Academy of Sciences to formally review the 10-year plan. Everyone agreed that we should. Those kinds of questions would come up at these meetings.

Q Okay. If you will, take a look at the next paragraph of Mr. Piltz' memo, starting with number 1, that paragraph, please.

A Page 10?

Q Yes, we're still on Page 10. If you will, just read that quickly to yourself.

1	A Okay.
2	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> While he is reading that, Counsel, are you
3 .	going to show him this memo dated October 28th or not?
4	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> I will.
5	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Okay. Have you read it?
6	The <u>Witness.</u> What is your question?
7	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> I haven't asked you one yet. I just
8	wanted to give you a chance to read it.
9	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Have you read it?
10	The <u>Witness.</u> Yes.
11	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Let me at the same time pass out what I
12	guess is Number 9, Exhibit 9.
13	[Exhibit No. 9
14	was marked for identification.]
15	
16	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
17	Q Mr. Cooney, the Exhibit 9 that I just handed you
18	has a fax cover sheet that is from you to Erin help me
19	pronounce her name.
20	A Wuchte.
21	Q Wuchte at OMB?
22	A Yes.
23	Q It says that you have attached CEQ's comments on
24,,,	the strategic plan. Would you just take a very quick look at
25	this, and tell me, is this your handwriting that we see on

1	this document?
2	A It is.
3	Q And does this refresh your recollection that you
4	had seen a draft of the strategic plan
5	A Yes.
6	Q earlier than, I think, you originally had
7	thought you had?
8	A Yes. Yes. It reflects that I reviewed it before
9	the draft was released in November.
10	Q And do you know
11	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . November of what year?
12	The <u>Witness</u> . 2002.
13	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> All right.
14	
15	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
16	Q And do you know what version this would have been?
17	In other words, is this the initial plan that was being
18	passed around to everybody? Was this before the public
19	comments? Do you have any idea what version this is?
20	Because I know there are many versions of this.
21	A It says on the cover letter CEQ's comments on a
22	draft. The formal draft was posted on the Web site at the
23	end of November 2002, so it would have been a month before
24	the formal draft was posted for the public workshop we had.
25	The formal drafts were published on Web sites for reviewers

1 in November 2002, and the workshop was in December 2002. 2 Q Okay. 3 So what I am puzzling over is why I sent my 4 comments to Erin Wuchte at OMB. I don't know if OMB had a 5 process at that time for review. I don't know if this was an interagency, a formal interagency, review that was occurring 6 7 at that time. Well, if you will turn to the next page, we have . 8 Q 9 this double -- or your copy is --10 Α Yes. 11 It looks like it was sent to you --0 12 Α Okay. 13 0 -- from Dr. Mahoney. 14 Okay. It was sent to, yes, the three White House Α 15 offices. Yes. 16 0 So does this help --17 Α Yeah. 18 Q -- you understand --19 Α Okay. 20 -- why you were receiving this at this point? 0 Yes, it does. Maybe Erin Wuchte was collecting 21 comments for all three White House offices. I just couldn't 22 figure out why I sent the comments to her, but --23 As we kind of just flip through this, you know, you 24 25 do have edits on many of the pages here. I mean some pages

- have more edits than others, and we can go through a couple
  of those. I am not going to go through every edit in this
  document or we would be here until tomorrow, but going back
  to Mr. Piltz' memo, you know, he is claiming that you had
  about 200 text changes, and a lot of them related to the
  questions of climate science and that you were altering the
- 7 draft as it had been developed by the Federal Science Program

professionals, and I am just reading from his memo.

He is also saying, "Taken in the aggregate, the changes had a cumulative effect of shifting the tone and content of an already quite cautiously worded draft to create an enhanced sense of scientific uncertainty about climate change and its implications."

Mr. Cooney --

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Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> You were reading from Subparagraph 1 on Page 10 --

17 Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Yes.

18 Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> -- of Exhibit Number 9?

19 Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> 8.

20 Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. 9.

21 Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> 8.

22 Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. No. It's Number 9.

23 Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. This is 8.

24 Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> I'm reading from Document Number 9.

25 Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> This is 8.

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1
              Mr. Tuohey. I apologize. I had this marked as
 2
         Exhibit 8.
 3
              Ms. Safavian. Yes.
              Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Exhibit 8, Page 10, Subparagraph 1.
 4
        Thank you. I apologize. That is what you're reading from?
 5
 6
              Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Correct.
 7
             Mr. Tuohey. Okay.
             Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. I am reading just from that.
 8
 9
10
                   BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
11
                   So, Mr. Cooney, my question to you is:
             Q
             Is that accurate? Was that your intention when you were
12
        reviewing this draft which is Exhibit 9?
13
14
             Α
                  No.
15
                  What was your intention when you were reviewing
             0
16
        this draft?
17
                  It was to engage Dr. Mahoney as he requested our
        comments, to engage him in our view of the draft with the
18
        hope that he might consider our view. In many cases, I was
19
20
        trying to align the draft with the President's own reliance
21
        on the National Academy of Sciences' Report in June of 2001
22
        and with the specific uncertainties that were identified in
        that report and with many of the uncertainties that were
23
        itemized in the policy book that was issued on June 11th,
24
25
        2001.
```

1	Q Just, so I'm clear, are you trying to say that you
2	were reviewing this with an eye towards ensuring that it
3	conformed to the National Academy of Sciences' Report and the
4	President's Climate Change I forget the name of it.
5	A Yes.
6	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Climate Change Strategy.
7	The <u>Witness</u> . I learned you know, not every comment
8	ties back to the National Academy. Some are just my own
9	thoughts and questions of Dr. Mahoney, but they were offered
10	in good faith, and I don't know how he resolved them. He
11	resolved them in one way or another.
12	
13	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
14	Q So you do not know when you sent these comments
15	off, you do not know in the end what happened with your edits
16	or with your suggestions?
17	A I did not I do not recall sort of tracking it
18	all the way through to see whether it was reflected in the
19	final draft that they had the workshops on.
20	Q Did Dr. Mahoney or anyone from OMB come back to you
21	and question any of your edits or ask you to further explain
22	them?
23	A Dr. Mahoney and I would talk on occasion and so

but I don't specifically recall a conversation where he

called me about these comments, but we would talk.

24

1	Q But your edits, these comments, Dr. Mahoney could
2	have taken or not?
3	A Correct.
4	Q Going back to Mr. Piltz' memo, he is trying to say
5	that what you were trying to do and what others were trying
6	to do is emphasize scientific uncertainties. Is that what
7	you were trying to do with your edits in this document?
8	A Well, what Mr. Piltz has written are his opinions.
9	I wasn't
10	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> The question was were you trying to
11	emphasize scientific uncertainty.
12	The <u>Witness</u> . Only to the extent that it had been
13	emphasized by the National Academy of Sciences, itself.
14	
15	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
16	Q And then towards the end of this paragraph,
17	Mr. Piltz says, to his knowledge, "this CEQ markup," this
18	document that we are talking about, "was not shared with or
19	vetted by CCSP principals or CCSP agency science program
20	managers." Is that your understanding?
21	A I don't know whether it was. If you look at the
22	cover letter, Dr. Mahoney is asking for the views of a few
23	offices, and he is not sending it out. He doesn't appear to
24	be sending it out for a wider review, so
25	Q But even though your cover letter to this is going

1	to one, it is your understanding that these edits went to
2	CCSP or went to Dr. Mahoney?
3	A They went back to Dr. Mahoney because he is the one
4	who had requested them. Yes.
5	Q I think maybe we might look at just a couple of
6	your edits in Exhibit 9.
7	A Okay.
8	Q If you'll look on what, I guess, is at the bottom
9	numbered Page 4; it is really the first page.
10	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . The page numbered 4 or the fourth page?
11	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> It says "Page Number 4" on the bottom,
12	but it is not the fourth page. It is the first page of what
13	looks like the plan.
14	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . Right.
15	
16	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
17	Q If you will look on the bottom off to the side, you
18	say, "The NRC elaborated on this point," and you've got in
19	brackets, "see A, next page," and it looks like on the next
20	page you've got something that looks like "A insert."
21	Can you explain this to us, please?
22	A Yes. I thought it was important that when the
23	program talked about the connection between the observed
24	warming in this century and human activities that it fully
25	cover what the National Academy had said on it, and you know,

- there is one sentence in this draft that I thought was very 1 2 The insert that I was offering was a very important. 3 important element of the National Academy's Report, which said that a causal connection between the observed warming in 4 this century and human activities cannot be unequivocally 5 established because we don't understand with enough 6 confidence the range of natural variability in climate, and 7 if we are going to have a 10-year strategic research plan, I 8 9 thought it important to have the full view of the National Academy on that critical point if we are going to be setting 10 11 the tone for the program for the next 10 years, and I think
- Q Okay, and so this insert -- this is directly from the National Academy of Sciences' Report?

it -- I will leave it at that.

- A It is direct. Yes, it a direct copy from the National Academy of Sciences, and it is under the caption, as you can see, of, The Effect of Human Activities. That is where they take on -- they purport to take on specifically the linkage between observed warming and human activities, and I thought it was important that the plan reflect their full view on that point.
- Q And do you know whether or not this was incorporated into the strategic plan?
- 24 A I don't.

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25 Q If you then will flip to what is labeled at the

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1
        bottom, Page 20 --
 2
             Α
                   Okay.
 3
                   -- do you see that?
             Q
 4
             Α
                   Yes.
 5
             Q
                   There is in the middle of the page a paragraph
        where you have cross-outs starting on line 17.
 6
 7
             Do you see that?
 8
                   Yes.
             Α
 9
             Q
                   If you will, just take a quick look at that because
        I would like you to explain --
10
             Mr. Tuohey. Would you like him to read the sentence he
11
12
        crossed out?
             Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Yes, and then, of course, his comments on
13
14
        the side so he can explain that.
15
             Mr. Tuohey. Go on.
16
             The Witness. Okay.
             Mr. Tuohey. Have you read it?
17
18
             The Witness. I've read it.
19
             Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Jennifer, is there a question?
20
             Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Yes.
21
             Mr. Tuohey. Okay.
22
23
                  BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
24
             Q
                  Could you explain why you crossed out these couple
25
        sentences and your comments on the side there?
```

1 If you read the sentences that remain in the Α 2 paragraph that were not crossed out and the next section, which identifies five specific research needs with respect to 3 the impact of climate change in the Arctic, they speak to the 4 need for fundamental scientific research before we can speak 5 definitively to impacts that will occur. So, if you read 6 7 that whole paragraph and read the research needs, the language that remains is what you would expect in a research 8 9 These are the fundamental things -- ice thickness, plan. reducing the uncertainties, and the current understanding of 10 the relationships between climate and Arctic hydrology is 11 critical for evaluating potential impacts of climate change, 12 I'm just reading the language that was left. 13 for example. 14 There were fundamental, basic research needs that needed to 15 be undertaken before you could speak definitively to impacts, but they began the sentences by saying there will be 16 significant shifts that will have significant impacts on 17 native populations. They spoke to impacts that they then 18 subsequently said they really needed to study before they 19 could understand, and it just seemed to me they were 20 concluding in an unequivocal way what the localized impacts 21 would be before they had done the fundamental research that 22 23 they identified as appropriate to understanding what the 24 impacts would be. 25

But -- and please correct me if I'm wrong here. Q

1	Was this written by scientists who had been studying
2	this issue, this matter, and were they not aware at that time
3	of what the current impact was?
4	A I did not think they were aware because they
5	identified these basic research needs as being needed to be
6	undertaken before they could understand localized impacts. I
7	don't to your question, I don't know who drafted the
8	paragraph.
9	Q And do you know whether or not this edit of yours
10	or this suggestion about removing this was that taken into
11	account in the final version of the strategic plan?
12	A I don't know.
13	Q Before I run out of time, which I have just a few
14	minutes left
15	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Excuse me.
16	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Sure.
17	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . Just for the record, Mr. Cooney conferred
18	with his counsel.
19	
20	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
21	Q If you would turn to what is numbered Page 115 of
22	that document.
23	A Yes.
24	Q I am interested in you have got the word
25	"potential" twice in two different locations on that page in

- two different paragraphs. Can you explain why you wanted to
  add the word "potential"?
- Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. And let the record reflect on that question that the word "potential" is inserted a number of times throughout the report, so his answer here will apply to all of them. Go ahead.
- 7 Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> We will see if he agrees with that.
  - Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Yes. Should we take them one at a time?
- 9 Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Sure.

- 10 Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Take the first one.
- 11 The Witness. There is, in this area, a difference 12 between observed changes and changes that are projected on a localized level from models, and the National Academy of 13 Sciences' Report, for example, said that any connection 14 between human health and global climate change is a study in 15 its infancy, that much remains to be understood about it. 16 had a lot of language about the limitations of models, 17 particularly in their ability to reliably inform policymakers 18 19 about localized impacts, and so, when discussions of future localized impacts occur, I think that there is a lot in the 20 National Academy of Sciences' June 2001 Report that would 21 counsel caution. These are from modeled projections which 22 are imperfect, the National Academy told us particularly on a 23 regionalized and localized scale, particularly with respect 24 to human health impacts, and that would have been a reason I 25

1 would have inserted the word "potential." 2 3 BY MS. SAFAVIAN: 4 Q Okay. How about in the second sentence, the same thing? 5 6 That would apply for both. 7 0 Okay. So that is just going back to your 8 understanding of what the National Academy of Sciences' 9 Report stated? 10 Α Yes. 11 And your counsel mentioned that you did use the word "potential" or "potentially" throughout this draft. 12 13 Α Yes. 14 Q Without going to each one of them, are you able to 15 explain to us why you kept throwing in that word? Does it go 16 back to the National Academy of Sciences, your explanation 17 that you just gave us? 18 No, I can't say it does with respect to each 19 change, but there was a hesitation there, and Dr. Mahoney in 20 many cases overruled me. I know that materials have been 21 sent up to the CEQ in the past several weeks which I was able 22 to review on Thursday and Friday. In some cases, they would 23 provide markups back to the Agency of changes that had been 24 accepted and not accepted, and in many cases, he did not

accept my changes, and he had the final word.

1	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> That wasn't the question. The question
2	was, did you have the same mindset or thought process in
3	putting "potential" in throughout the report?
4	The Witness. I would say I probably came to it with
5	that view, and it was from a cumulative understanding of what
6	the National Academy of Sciences had told us.
7	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Okay. Thank you. My time is up.
8	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> And I will say that counsel for the
9	majority has been generous on that one. I understand we will
10	take that into account.
11	Mr. <u>Dotson</u> . Well, can I suggest that we take a 5-minute
12	break if that is something that would be of interest to you,
13	Mr. Cooney?
14	The <u>Witness</u> . Thank you.
15	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Thank you.
16	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> Great.
17	[Recess.]
18	Mr. <u>Baran.</u> Back on the record.
19	We are going to go in half-an-hour rounds.
20	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Okay.
21	EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. BARAN:
23	Q My name is Jeff Baran. Let's dive right in given
24	the time constraints.
25	Mr. Cooney, are you familiar with the National

1	Assessment for the Potential Consequence of the Climate
2	Variability and Change?
3	A Yes.
4	Q Can you tell us briefly how the National Assessment
5	was prepared?
6	A It was prepared, I think, by a Federal advisory
7	committee predominantly in the late 1990s. Although,
8	portions of the National Assessment continued to come out
9	through 2003.
10	Q In your view, what was the purpose of the National
11	Assessment?
12	A Well, its stated view was to comply with the legal
13	requirement under the Global Change Research Act. To provide
14	a National Assessment, the way it was organized, it purported
15	to describe and predict the regional impacts of global
16	climate change in various regions of the United States and in
17	several sectors like agriculture, health and some other
18	sectors.
19	Q Where were you employed when you first learned that
20	the National Assessment was being developed?
21	A At the American Petroleum Institute.
22	Q Was API interested in the National Assessment?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Why?

Because of a concern that it had been designed and

25

Α

1	was being developed with a political objective that appeared
2	to go beyond what science could tell us reliably about
3	regional impacts of global climate change.
4	Q Did API monitor action on the National Assessment?
5	A API provided public comment on drafts of the
6	National Assessment. Our economists and scientists provided
7	individual, line-by-line comments on certain sections of the
8	National Assessment. We also provided thematic comments on
9	the National Assessment, public comments to the Government.
10	Q Did API take any other actions based on the fact
. 11	that the National Assessment was being developed?
12	A I recall that there was once sort of a public
13	hearing on the National Assessment, and we participated in
14	that public hearing.
15	Q Was the development of the National Assessment
16	something that you were professionally focused on?
17	A Yes, because the Climate Team was focused on it as
18	it was being developed, and as solicitations for public
19	comment emerged, we did comment. Also, the press was
20	reporting on it. The New York Times was reporting on it.
21	The Wall Street journal was reporting on its development. It
22	was a prominent development relating to climate change that
23	was emerging in the late 1990s.
24	Q What was your specific role at API with regard to
25	the National Assessment?

1	A It was to be sure that our Multidisciplinary Team
2	was performing in such a way as to advocate effectively our
3	concerns about the National Assessment.

- Q In 1999, Congress enacted as part of the FY 2000 appropriations cycle language that addressed the National Assessment. Did you work on this language as part of your employment?
  - A I do not remember if I worked on the language.
- Q Would you have been the staff member there to work on the language?
  - A Not necessarily. As I said, we had lawyers and we had lobbyists -- people who covered Capitol Hill -- who may have drafted language for the team. I just don't remember who -- I do not remember if API even drafted the language. I don't really recall, but it wouldn't necessarily have been my role to do so.
  - Q The National Assessment has been described as, quote, "the most comprehensive and authoritative scientifically based assessment of potential consequences of climate change for the United States," end quote.

Do you think this is an accurate description?

A Let me just look at something if I may. I want to look at the 10-year Strategic Plan, which I believe has -- well, Page 111 of the 10-year Strategic Plan says that the largest assessment program previously undertaken by the

- USGCRP was the National Assessment initiated in 1998, which produced an overview of reports in late 2000 and a series of specialty reports in the period 2001 to 2003." So the 10-year plan refers to it.
  - Q Well, that is slightly different from my question.

    Let me repeat my question.

The National Assessment has been described as the most comprehensive and authoritative scientifically based assessment of potential consequences of climate change for the United States. Do you, personally, think this is an accurate description?

- Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. May I just ask a question? Can you cite the source of that comment?
- 14 Mr. <u>Baran.</u> I believe Rick Piltz gave that quote.
- 15 Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Okay. Thank you.
- 16 Mr. Baran. Yes.

The <u>Witness</u>. It is the only National Assessment, so to say that it is the most authoritative, the Act, the Global Change Research Act, requires a National Assessment be prepared every 4 years, and one was not. The act was enacted in 1990, and the first National Assessment, most of it, was published in November 2000. So, to say it is the most authoritative, it is the only assessment that was performed. The Clinton administration did not do a National Assessment until -- and publish it until 2000.

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## BY MR. BARAN:

Q Do you think the National Assessment was based on solid science?

Α My view is really a derivative view, and it derives from a lot of the commentary that Federal scientists. themselves, offered as part of the Federal advisory committee proceedings that were developing the National Assessment, and they are part of the record, and I have some of those citations with me, but Joel Scheraga and Mike Slimak at EPA, in a Wall Street Journal article, called it alarmist. Kevin Trenberth at the National Center for Atmospheric Research severely criticized the selection of the models that they used in the National Assessment and the premise of the National Assessment that models were sufficiently reliable to predict impacts of climate change at the local level because the IPCC and a whole host of other authorities had said in the second report in 1995, in their special report on local impacts in 1998 and in their third assessment report in 2001 that the models are incapable of reliably predicting impacts at the local level. A symptom of the model's unreliability was the fact that the two models used in the National Assessment contradicted each other repeatedly on basic things like precipitation. In various regions of the country, one model would say precipitation will be greater. In the same

regions, the other model would say precipitation will be much lower, and the fact that they were contradictory was symptomatic of the inability of models to reliably project regional impacts at a localized level. Yet, that was the foundation for the regional reports, and you will find a whole host of Federal scientists who complained and criticized the foundation, this foundation of the National Assessment, this element of the foundation of the National Assessment. They were very critical of it. In the New York Times' article that Andy Revkin wrote in July of 2000, he cited a Federal scientist who said this was all being rushed out and driven by the election, a Federal scientist who, himself, purported to -- you know, who was very concerned about climate change and the serious threat that it poses. 

So I have given you a very basic sampling of the fact that this was very controversial during its development, severely criticized by Members of Congress. In fact, Members of Congress initiated litigation against the administration's publication of the National Assessment, sitting Members of Congress. Congresswoman Emerson, Congressman Knollenberg, Senator Inhofe, and various other groups initiated this litigation, so it was very controversial. My own view is derivative, though. I didn't have an independent view.

Q Is it fair, based on the views of the scientists

1 that you were basing your own view on, that you had concerns 2 about the substance of the National Assessment? 3 Yes. 4 0 On October 5th, 2000, the Competitive Enterprise Institute, or CEI, announced a lawsuit against the 5 6 administration regarding the National Assessment, claiming 7 that it had been unlawfully produced. Were you aware of this 8 lawsuit at the time it was filed? 9 Α I was. 10 0 Did you or any other API employee communicate with 11 CEI regarding this lawsuit prior to its initiation? 12 I do not recall. 13 0 Was API engaged in any way with the decision to file this lawsuit or with the development of this lawsuit? 14 15 Α I just don't recall. 16 Did API have any financial relationship with CEI at 17 the time the lawsuit was filed? 18 Α What do you mean by "financial relationship"? 19 0 It could be any financial relationship. 20 Was API, for example, funding CEI in any respect? 21 Α Yes. 22 0 Can you describe the relationship, the extent of 23 the funding? 24 Mr. Tuohey. Meaning beyond what he has done? He has 25

Do you want him to go beyond that?

talked about it.

1	The <u>Witness.</u> I do not recall how much money we were
2	providing at that time.
3	
4	BY MR. BARAN:
5	Q Did you communicate with CEI regarding this lawsuit
6	after the lawsuit had been initiated?
7	A Probably.
8	Q Do you recall the nature of your communications?
9	A No.
10	Q You have no recollection at all of any specific
11	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . Do you mean let me understand because I
12	think there may be a disconnect here.
13	We all know there were memos back there was a
14	conversation of a memo. Do you mean any time afterwards, of
15	the filing of the lawsuit? I mean, the discussions with
16	Ebell, you're going to get to that. Let's just jump ahead
17	here. Do you include that? Your question was after the
18	lawsuit was filed
19	Mr. <u>Baran.</u> I'll rephrase my question.
20	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Okay.
21	
22	BY MR. BARAN:
23	Q During the pendency of the lawsuit but after it was
24	filed, do you recall having any communications with CEI?
25	A Not specifically.

1		Q	Okay.	Do	you	believe	any	API	funding	supported	the
2	CEI	litiga	ation?								

A It could have. I don't know. The litigation included a number of, from my recollection, other free enterprise, nongovernmental organizations and also Members of Congress, and I think they were all coplaintiffs, and I don't know who was -- how it was being paid for.

Q Would it surprise you if API had funded this litigation?

A It wouldn't surprise me that API funded CEI. We did. Whether our funds that we gave -- they had a lot of funders. Whether they were traceable specifically to the litigation, you know, I don't know. We were a funder of CEI.

Q CEI's lawsuit was settled with the administration on September 12th, 2001. Were you involved with the administration's response to or defense of this lawsuit?

A Rosina Bierbaum wrote a letter, I believe, dated September -- well, I have it here. It is right here, so -- I thought this would come up. She dated a letter September 6th, 2001, to Chris Horner, and I did not have anything to do -- I do not recall being involved with her development of that letter.

Q Okay. I understand the letter, but were you involved in any way with the administration's response to or defense of this lawsuit?

1	A I vaguely remember, at one point, White House
2	counsel asked me about it, and I don't really remember what I
3	said or what I thought. It was right after I got there.
4	Q Do you remember who you spoke with about this?
5	A Yes.
6	Q Who was it?
7	A His name was Noel Francisco.
8	Q What is your understanding of how this case was
9	resolved?
10	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Excuse me a second. Let me interrupt you
11	for a second.
12	I promised you I would check, and I have. There is a
13	flight that leaves Reagan at 7:30. I am willing to have him
14	take that flight. We can keep going for another couple of
15	hours, okay?
16	Mr. <u>Baran</u> . That would be great.
17	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> That is a problem for me.
18	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> Well, you have until 5:30.
19	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> You'd better make it 5:20 so I can get my
20	keys, get to the garage and run out.
21	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Can we resolve this in a way that
22	accomplishes both? Because we can't come back, and I am
23	willing to extend this until 6:00. It leaves at 7:30. I
24	think we can go until 6:20, 6:15.
25	Ms. <u>Safavian</u> . If you will let me take all my time up

- front, and then you all end with the time, that might work.
- 2 Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> Yes. You'll get a copy of the deposition.
- 3 That would be agreeable. We'll finish this half-hour round.
- We'll move to you to use your balance of time, and then we
- 5 will take the rest of it.
- 6 Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Does that work for you?
- 7 Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Say that again. Sorry.
- 8 Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> I said, I am fine with that as long as I 9 can use all my time up front, and then they will end.
- Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Fine. We're okay with that. Yes.
- 11 Mr. <u>Baran.</u> That's agreeable to everyone?
- We want to make it clear, however, that that may or may not end our needs in terms of the deposition, but we
- 14 certainly will get a lot further along.
- Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> I don't want to get into that because I'm
- telling you there will be no more depositions. You can't
- 17 compel it. You know you can't compel it, and we had an
- agreement.
- 19 Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. I think where we're moving now is everyone
- is in good faith, and we're moving in the same direction.
- 21 Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. I want to help you guys. I've said that
- from the beginning, but I can't keep having things change on
- 23 me. I'm willing to do this, so I'll make arrangements.
- Go ahead. I'm willing to help you out. Keep talking,
- 25 and I'll just keep going.

i	
2	BY MR. BARAN:
3	Q Let me repeat the last question.
4	What is your understanding of how this case was
5	resolved?
6	A I understand that the OSTP Acting Director, Rosina
7	Bierbaum, wrote the letter that she did on September 6th and
8	that the plaintiffs, in exchange, in reliance on that letter
9	dismissed or dropped the lawsuit, did not pursue it any
10	further.
11	
12	BY MR. BARAN:
13	Q What is your understanding of the commitment made
14	by the administration with respect to the National
15	Assessment?
16	A That it would not be relied upon for policymaking,
17	that, as Ms. Bierbaum's letter says, the June 2001 report of
18	the National Academy of Sciences on climate change and the
19	climate change Cabinet-level review which existed in 2001,
20	quote, "will form the basis of Government decision-making on
21	the important issue of global climate change."
22	So, Ms. Bierbaum, who had been in the Clinton
23	administration and remained in the Bush administration, said
24	that we will be relying upon the June 2001 report of the
25	National Academy of Sciences for policymaking, and we will

- not be relying on the National Assessment for policymaking.
- Q Was that your understanding when you worked in the White House?
  - A That was my understanding.
- Q Under the settlement agreement, did you believe
  that the administration had agreed to refrain from mentioning
  the National Assessment in all government reports and
  publications?

A No, because, in the Climate Action Report that was released in June 2002, which was a submission from the State Department to the United Nations under the frame of conventional climate change, Chapter 6 of that report summarized information from the National Assessment in that report. Also, in July of 2002, the administration -- I coordinated with the Agriculture Department to release the agriculture sector report of the National Assessment, so the National Assessment was still emergent in some reports in an informational sense, but it was not being used for policymaking and relied upon for policymaking pursuant to the legal agreement.

Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Let the record reflect the witness was holding a document called the Potential Consequences of Climate Variability and Change, a report for the U.S. Global Change Research Program in 2002. Thank you.

1	DI FIR. DARAN;
2	Q Did you believe that the administration was legally
3	prohibited from mentioning the National Assessment in the
4	Climate Change Science Program Strategic Plan?
5	A I thought that was part of the legal agreement that
6	we should not that the 10-year plan was a policy document
7	and that this was a forward-looking 10-year Strategic Plan,
8	obviously called for under the statute, and we were issuing
9	it in July of 2003 which was supposed to take us through
10	2013, and so it is a forward-looking document, and it was a
11	policy document in that it was and for that reason, it was
12	inappropriate to be citing to the National Assessment.
13	Q So, in your view, any mention of the National
14	Assessment in the strategic plan violated the settlement
15	agreement?
16	A I was concerned that it did.
17	Q Did you believe that the administration was legally
18	prohibited from mentioning the National Assessment in Our
19	Changing Planet?
20	A Yes, because that is a policy document as well of
21	the administration. Certain policy positions are put
22	forward.
23	Q Did you or anyone at the White House direct the
24	Climate Change Science Program to delete references to the
25	National Assessment from the strategic plan or Our Changing

1	Planet?
2	A Well, you used the word "direct," and what I did in
3	reviewing
4	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Answer "yes" or "no" first, and then
5	explain. Did you direct anyone?
6	The <u>Witness</u> . I did not direct anyone. I made comments
7	in interagency review processes, recommending that references
8	to the National Assessment be deleted, but as I have pointed
9	out, I was overruled on that point by Dr. Mahoney, and the
10	final plan in which I formally concurred does refer to the
11	National Assessment.
12	
13	BY MR. BARAN:
14	Q Who decided to make the comments, or as you refer
15	to them, recommendations, in this regard to the strategic
16	plan? Was that your decision?
17	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> I am just going to ask. Do you mean the
18	comments attributed to him in the document?
19	Mr. <u>Baran.</u> I originally asked whether he or anyone at
20	the White House directed the Climate Change Science Program
21	to delete references to the National Assessment from the
22	strategic plan or Our Changing Planet. He responded by
23	saying it wasn't a direction, and now I am asking who decided
24	to make the recommendation.

Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Any recommendations or the ones that are

1	noted in here? I am just asking you to clarify. That's all
2	Any recommendation whatsoever?
3	Mr. <u>Baran.</u> Well, deleted references to the National
4	Assessment.
5	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Okay.
6	The <u>Witness</u> . In reviewing documents over the past 4
7	days, I see places where I recommended that references to the
8	National Assessment in the 10-year Strategic Plan be deleted.
9	
10	BY MR. BARAN:
11	Q Did anyone tell you to make that recommendation?
12	A No.
13	Q Did you consult the Department of Justice to
14	determine if that was an appropriate course of action?
15	A I did not.
16	Mr. <u>Baran.</u> Okay. I will ask the reporter to mark the
17	next exhibit.
18	[Exhibit No. 10
19	was marked for identification.]
20	
21	BY MR. BARAN:
22	Q Exhibit 10 is a stipulation dated September 12th,
23	2001, and a memorandum in support of the stipulation; is that
24	correct?
25	A I don't know. Let me look at it.

- 1 Q Sure.
- 2 Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> What was your question?
- 3 Mr. <u>Baran</u>. Exhibit 10 is a stipulation dated
- 4 September 12th, 2001, and a memorandum in support of the
- 5 stipulation; is that correct?
- 6 Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. The document speaks for itself.
- 7 You can answer yes. You can answer yes.
- 8 Mr. <u>Baran.</u> Well, please don't direct the witness how to
- 9 answer.
- Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Well, it's a legal question. You're asking
- 11 him what the document is. It's a legal document. It speaks
- 12 for itself.
- Mr. <u>Baran.</u> I'm asking him whether that's correct.
- 14 Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> And I'm advising him he can answer yes.
- 15 I'm advising him he can answer yes. It's a legal document.
- 16 He is not familiar with it.
- Mr. <u>Baran.</u> Excuse me. It is not appropriate for you to
- advise him on how to answer specific questions.
- Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Then don't ask him a question where the
- document speaks for itself.
- 21 Mr. <u>Baran.</u> This is a deposition. I will ask the
- questions. He is going to answer them.
- 23 Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> He can answer the question. Go ahead.
- Don't read this. That's not part of it. Read the first
- 25 two pages.

1	The <u>Witness.</u> This document is entitled Joint
2	Stipulation of Dismissal without Prejudice.
3	
4	BY MR. BARAN:
5	Q The stipulation dismisses CEI's lawsuit against the
6	administration regarding the National Assessment. Have you
7	seen this stipulation and memorandum before?
8	A I do not recall. I might have, but I do not
9	recall.
10	Q Did you communicate with anyone about the contents
11	of this stipulation or memorandum prior to its execution by
12	the court?
13	A I do not recall.
14	Q Is it your assessment as a lawyer that mentioning
15	the National Assessment in a government publication is
16	inconsistent with the terms of this stipulation?
17	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> If you know. If you can answer the
18	question.
19	The Witness. I just don't have a legal judgment on this
20	document. I just don't. I don't really recognize it. I
21	don't really know what it absolutely requires and absolutely
22	doesn't. I don't have a view.
23	
24	BY MR. BARAN:
25	Q When you were making edits to the strategic plan

and the edits involved the National Assessment, you were basing your edits on what understanding of this settlement?

A I made them based upon an understanding that the lawsuit had been withdrawn because the administration had communicated that it would not rely on the National Assessment for policy purposes.

Q Do you know where your understanding of this agreement came from?

A Let me say that I don't want to answer the question directly. Well, the direct answer is, no, but there is -- when the administration issued the Climate Action Report in 2002, in June of 2002, CEI and a lot of its colitigants asserted that the administration had violated its agreement on the National Assessment by including information on the National Assessment in Chapter 6, and so I knew that they were asserting that their agreement had been violated, so that might have -- yes, I just don't know what I relied on. I just walked around with the knowledge that there had been a settlement agreement that we wouldn't use this for policy purposes.

Q Okay, but just to clarify, you are not sure whether or not you actually read the settlement agreement or spoke with the White House Counsel or spoke with the Department of Justice about it?

A About this agreement right here?

1	ų res.
2	A I did not speak to the Justice Department about it.
3	I do not recall. I just think I really think it went to
4	OSTP, and they handled it with White House counsel. I don't
5	think I had any meaningful role in how this was resolved in
6	2001, September 2001.
7	Q Do you think that deleting references to the
8	National Assessment in the strategic plan and in Our Changing
9	Planet increased or decreased public and congressional
10	awareness of the threat posed by global warming?
11	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Do you understand the question?
12	The <u>Witness</u> . Sort of.
13	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Then restate the question, please.
14	Mr. Baran. Let me repeat it first, and then if I need
15	to restate it, I will.
16	
17	BY MR. BARAN:
18	Q Do you think deleting references to the National
19	Assessment in the strategic plan and in Our Changing Planet
20	increased or decreased public and congressional awareness of
21	the threat posed by global warming?
22	A My own view is that the deletions, if you'll look
23	at them, were immaterial and that the documents the
24	strategic plan and the Our Changing Planet Report reinforced
25	the seriousness with which the administration addressed

1	global climate change, global climate change science research
2	priorities, so I don't think it diminished concern. I think
3	those documents reflected a serious concern on the part of
4	the administration and commitment to responsibly address
5	climate change.

Q Just to close out this section of questioning, it is your view that the deletions to the references to the National Assessment in the strategic plan and in Our Changing Planet had no effect on the document's ability to communicate the threat of global warming?

A The deletions were to citations to the National Assessment. They weren't to paragraphs from the National Assessment. They were deletions to citations, three little words, "see National Assessment," and so, when you delete a formal citation, I don't think that that is cutting materially into the meaning of the overall report.

Mr. <u>Baran.</u> Thank you. I think I have gone a little over my time, so I am going to turn it over to the minority.

Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. Can I just discuss a housekeeping matter?

It is now 4:16. We have approximately 2 hours left of questioning. We took a half an hour, so you have a half hour coming, which leaves approximately an hour and 45 minutes that we are going to split, I mean at least 45 minutes that we are going to split -- an hour and a half that we're going to split.

```
Mr. Baran. So you'll have a half an hour plus an
 1
        additional 45 minutes -- that will frontload you -- and then
 2
 3
        after that, we'll have 45 minutes.
             Mr. Tuohey. I don't think you're talking about an hour
 4
        and a half. He has got to leave here at 6:30 for a 7:30
 5
 6
        flight, so maybe 6:40, 6:45, but no more than that.
             You've got to check bags; 6:30 to be safe. So I think
 7
        you've got an hour and 15 minutes.
 8
 9
             Mr. Baran. Two hours and 10 minutes then?
10
             Mr. Tuohey. Yes, 2 hours and 10 minutes. Yes, I'm
        sorry. Just around 6:30. I mean, I want to be sure about
11
        traffic and stuff. We'll try to plan on that.
12
13
        all right.
14
             Ms. Safavian.
                            So what do I have?
15
             Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. So you have -- if you take --
16
             Mr. Baran. So you have 30 minutes followed by an
        additional 45 minutes, and then we'll have 45 minutes.
17
             Mr. Tuohey. Let me just say, 7:30 -- I don't want you
18
19
        panicking while you're testifying here, so let's say -- you
20
        have to check a bag?
21
             The <u>Witness</u>. Yes.
22
             Mr. Tuohey. And you have to get a new ticket issued.
23
             We'd better say, to be safe, 20 after.
             Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. Okay. I think that still works, 2 hours.
24
       That still works for us.
25
```

1	mr. <u>Baran.</u> So, to be clear, Jenniter, you now have 1
2	hour and 15 minutes.
3	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> So I have until about 5:30?
4	Mr. Baran. That's correct, and then we'll have
5	45 minutes after that, and he'll still get out of here on
6	time.
7	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> What I might do is I might save 10
8	minutes of it so that I can make it out on time.
9	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> You may need it.
10	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> I may not, but if I need it, I will have
11	Brooke finish our final round with the last 10 minutes.
12	Okay. Sorry.
13	EXAMINATION
14	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
15	Q A quick question for you.
16	Can you tell me what the National Academy of Sciences'
17	2001 Report says about the ability of models to predict
18	regional changes? Do you know?
19	A There are a number of citations in the National
20	Academy Report about sorry.
21	Well, at Page 19, for example, there is a sentence on
22	the regional scale, and in the longer term, there is much
23	more uncertainty, and that is all in a discussion about the
24	National Assessment. There is that definitive statement.
25	Q That there is uncertainty?

•	A oncertainty particularly at the regional scale and
2	in the longer term. On Page 21, it says, "Whereas all models
3	project global warming and global increases in precipitation,
4	the sign of the precipitation projections varies among models
5	for regions. The range of models' sensitivities and the
6	challenge of projecting the sign of the precipitation changes
7	for some regions represent a substantial limitation in
8	assessing climate impacts."
9	So that is a pretty direct quote. It says the models
10	are contradictory on the basic question of whether there will
11	be more precipitation or less precipitation in a certain
12	region, and that severely handicaps the understanding of what
13	regional consequences might be from global climate change.
14	Q Okay. I just want to finish up with where I
15	stopped with my last round of questioning, looking at Rick
16	Piltz' memo. Do you still have that in front of you?
. 17	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . No. We've got it over here. It should be
18	over here.
19	
20	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
21	Q And we were on Page 10.
22	A Okay.
23	Q We had already pretty much gone over the October
24	28th, 2002 draft version of the strategic plan.
25	A Yeah.

1	Q I'm not going to go over that any further, but if
2	you'll look at the next paragraph which starts with the
3	Number 2.
4	A Yes.
5	Q He's saying that, in the final review of the
6	revised strategic plan dated June 2nd, 2003, CEQ made about
7	450 comments throughout the document, and you can feel free
8	to read this paragraph if you want.
9	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Do you want him to read the paragraph to
10	himself?
11	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Yes, please.
12	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Okay.
13	The <u>Witness.</u> Okay. Okay.
14	
15	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
16	Q And I don't have this version, so I can't give it
17	to you to show you, but here is my question, and see if you
18	can do this just by reading what was in this paragraph.
19	Do you recall or do you have a recollection of making
20	edits to this you know, to this degree for this draft for
21	your final review of this plan?
22	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> This is the June 2nd draft?
23	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Yes, of 2003.
24	The <u>Witness.</u> I believe, at this point, that Bryan
25	Hannegan and I were both making comments and that they were

combined in one document, and we split up the chapters and made different comments.

## BY MS. SAFAVIAN:

Q So what Mr. Piltz has in this paragraph sounds familiar to you as some of the comments or edits you made?

A They are really his characterizations, his opinions, of the impact of our comments. I don't really agree with a lot of the way he characterizes our comments.

Q Did you intend to alter and delete references to the potential public health impacts?

A Well, if you'll go again to the National Academy of Sciences at Page 20, you know, I was guided by what they said, which is that, quote, "much of the United States appears to be protected against many different health outcomes related to climate change by a strong public health system, relatively high levels of public awareness and a high standard of living." It goes on to say, "The understanding of the relationships between weather/climate and human health is in its infancy, and therefore, the health consequences of climate change are poorly understood."

On that basis, I would make a recommendation in my comments on proposals that I thought risked overstating human health impacts, because the National Academy had told us that it is a study in its infancy, and the impacts are poorly

1 understood. 2 0 And did Mr. Hannegan agree with you on that? 3 Α I do not remember specifically. 4 But did you end up sending back one document that 5 had both of your comments included in it, or did you each 6 send up your own edits? 7 Α What I think I recall from having reviewed the 8 documents in the past 4 days is that there was a joint set of 9 comments, CEQ, that reflected both his and my views, and I think he typed it, and then we sent it back. 10 I could be 11 mistaken, but I think that is what he did. 12 Q And you think that that is regarding this draft? 13 Yes, because he was there by then. 14 Mr. Tuohey. Do we have a copy of this draft? 15 Ms. Safavian. I do not. Do you have a copy of it? 16 Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Does counsel for the majority have a copy 17 of the June 2nd, 2003 draft? Mr. Dotson. This is, Our Changing Planet? 18 19 Mr. Tuohey. No, of our strategic plan. We have the 20 copy here that you presented from October 2002, and if there 21 are going to be questions about the June 2, 2003 draft, it 22 would be helpful to have that draft in front of us. 23 Ms. Safavian. My questions are more general. 24 Mr. Tuohey. Yes, I know they are. 25 Mr. <u>Dots</u>on. Should we enter this?

```
1
              Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Why don't you just put it in so he has it
 2
         in case he --
 3
              Mr. Dotson. Can we make it an exhibit?
 4
              Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. If you want.
 5
             Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. No objection from us.
 6
              Ms. Safavian. Yes. Exhibit 11. That's fine.
 7
                                [Exhibit No. 11
 8
                                was marked for identification.]
 9
10
             The Witness. So this here appears to be -- again, this
11
        is not joint comments. These appear to be handwritten
        individual comments. I don't know if they are --
12
13
14
                   BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
15
             Q
                   Is it your handwriting?
16
                  Well, I just looked at a page that I believe is
17
        Mr. Hannegan's.
18
             Q
                  Ah, okay. So maybe they do encompass both of your
19
        comments.
20
                  I think these are Mr. Hannegan's handwriting, and I
21
        am looking just at these couple pages right here.
22
                  Do you see any that is your handwriting?
             0
23
                  We sort of write alike, but so far, I see
             Α
        Mr. Hannegan's handwriting, and you will see, of course, that
24
25
        99.9 percent of the document has no comments on it.
```

1 Q I do see that, yes. There are a lot of blank 2 pages. 3 So what I have seen so far are Mr. Hannegan's --4 appear to be Mr. Hannegan's comments, Dr. Hannegan. I do not 5 see any of my comments at this point. You do recall reviewing this draft version of the 6 7 plan and making comments? 8 Α Not necessarily. I don't know. You know, I think 9 we reviewed versions together in the spring of 2003, but 10 these comments that I am now looking at as this exhibit 11 appear to be his comments. 12 0 And would either you or Mr. Hannegan -- I know you 13 said maybe he compiled both sets of comments? 14 Α Yes. 15 0 Where did you all send those edits or comments to? 16 I think, in this case, they would have gone back to 17 OMB because we were back to the formal interagency review 18 process that OMB facilitates at the end of -- toward the end 19 of the documents. 20 And, when you would send it to OMB, did you just 21 send it to OMB or did you also send it to Dr. Mahoney? 22 Α I don't really remember. It would be ordinary to 23 just send them back to OMB. 24 0 Okay.

They were compiling comments of all of the

1	agencies.
2	Q Okay. Then referring back to Mr. Piltz' memo, at
3	the top of Page 11, he says that he believes that this
4	markup, CEQ's markup of this, was never shared with or vetted
5	by CCSP agency principals or agency science program managers.
6	Is that your understanding?
7	A I'm sorry. Which paragraph are you looking at?
8	Q At the very top of Page 11?
9	A In late June, CEQ comments
10	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . The question is whether the statement is
11	made that comments here forget about that for a minute
12	whether comments here were not shared with CCSP.
13	Is that your understanding?
14	The <u>Witness</u> . Yes, because it would have gone to OMB.
15	OMB was compiling all of the agencies' comments. The CCSP,
16	themselves, were commenting.
17	
18	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
19	Q Okay. So they sent their comments to OMB?
20	A Yes, everyone. OMB is collecting everyone's
21	comments at the end of a process, and then OMB distills what
22	it has and sends it to Dr. Mahoney for his final
23	decision-making.
24	Q But even though OMB compiles everything, they still
25	send it back to CCSP, Dr. Mahoney, who has the final review

1 and edit and whatever. He is the final say on --2 Α That is my understanding. 3 Q Okay. Yes, and he said so in written letters to the 4 5 Senate in July of 2005. He answered written questions from 6 the Senate and described this whole process. 7 Mr. Tuohey. Well, just as a point of clarification, let 8 me ask, if I may: Counsel just asked a question of whether 9 CCSP or its representatives saw these comments. You first 10 said no, and then you said Dr. Mahoney saw them. Did they or did they not see the comments? 11 12 The Witness. Well, Dr. Mahoney was the head of CCSP. 13 Mr. Tuohey. Right. 14 The Witness. So --15 Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. In that capacity, did he see the comments? 16 The Witness. He saw the comments, and he was the 17 director, in that lower box, of our organizational chart, so 18 they went back to him. 19 BY MS. SAFAVIAN: 20 21 0 So they did, though, go back to CCSP, and 22 it was vetted in a sense? 23 Α Maybe it didn't go back to staff, but it went back 24 to Dr. Mahoney as the director of the program. 25 Q Okay. Then if you'll go -- looking on Page 11 of

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Mr. Piltz' memo, look at Number 3, the paragraph that starts
 1
        with Number 3. If you can, just quickly read that.
 2
             Mr. Tuohey. Do you mean on page -- oh, Page 11, next
 3
 4
        page, Page 11.
 5
             Ms. Safavian. Yes.
 6
             Mr. Tuohey. Thank you.
             The <u>Witness</u>. Yes, I see that paragraph.
 7
 8
 9
                   BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
10
                  And you have already had a lengthy discussion about
             0
11
        the National Assessment and the lawsuit and the settlement.
             Did you play a lead role in any of that?
12
13
                   In the settlement of the National Assessment
14
        litigation?
15
             Q
                  Yes.
16
                  I did not play a lead role. I did not -- I did not
17
        play a lead role.
18
             Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. A lead role in what?
19
             The Witness. In the settlement of the National
20
        Assessment.
21
             Mr. Tuohey. Is that what your question was?
22
             Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Yes.
23
24
                  BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
25
                  Did you play a lead role in enforcing the
             Q
```

1 suppression of the National Assessment --2 Α That is his --3 Q -- of the --4 That is his description. I have just spoken to 5 edits that I made on the 10-year Strategic Plan where I 6 recommended the deletion of references to the National 7 Assessment in a policy document as being inconsistent with 8 the legal resolution of the case. 9 Mr. Tuohey. Would you read the question back. 10 Listen to the question. 11 I thought your question was, did you play a lead role, 12 quote, in enforcing the suppression of the National 13 Assessment? 14 Ms. Safavian. That is the question. 15 16 BY MS. SAFAVIAN: 17 Q Did you or didn't you? 18 No, I don't agree with --Α 19 I mean, I understand what you said before. 20 you were reviewing documents, you would cross off -- and I 21 have seen this where you've crossed out the National 22 Assessment, reference to the National Assessment because of 23 the settlement that was not to be used for policy decisions; 24 correct? 25 Α Yes.

1	Q Did you inform others? Did you require others in
2	some I will use the word "suppression" because that is the
3	word that Mr. Piltz uses, but were you openly out there in
4	trying to prevent other people from referring to the National
5	Assessment?
6	A No. In fact, the record shows that, when we were
7	dealing with documents that were not of a policy nature like
8	the Climate Action Report of June 2002, Chapter 6 of it
9	relied on portions and a summary of the National Assessment.
10	Also, I held up this document from July 2002, the agriculture
11	report of the National Assessment which the U.S. Department
12	of Agriculture people coordinated the release, told the White
13	House they were going to release it, and they released it.
14	Beyond that, I would say that the National Assessment
15	remained on a government Web site throughout this time
16	period, www.nacc.usgcrp.gov, something like that, but it was
17	always available.
18	Q Okay. Further within that same paragraph, he
19	writes, "Public disclosure of the CEQ Chief of Staff's
20	communications with the Competitive Enterprise Institute
21	suggests joint political strategizing," and this is not
22	A He is speaking about an e-mail that received a
23	lot
24	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Let her ask the question.
25	The <u>Witness.</u> Oh, I'm sorry. I'm sorry.

```
Mr. Tuohey. There is no question.
 1
 2
             Ms. Safavian. Well, you're actually getting to where I
 3
        was going because I was going to say I don't want to discuss
 4
        the lawsuit that was already brought up by the majority
 5
        counsel, regarding CEI's lawsuit, but what I do want to ask
        you about, because I think he was referring to this document
 6
 7
        -- and let me show you.
 8
             This will be Exhibit 12.
 9
                               [Exhibit No. 12
10
                               was marked for identification.1
11
12
             Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Do you want him to read it, counsel?
13
             Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. Yes, please.
14
                  BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
15
16
             Q
                  Have you finished reading?
17
             Α
                  Yes.
18
                  Okay. Mr. Cooney, this appears to be an e-mail
             Q
19
        addressed to you from Myron Ebell at CEI. Can you tell us
20
        who Myron Ebell was or is?
21
             Α
                  I guess he was a longtime employee at CEI who has
        worked on climate change policy.
22
23
             0
                  First of all, have you seen this before?
24
                  Yes, I have.
             A
25
             Q
                  Okay. Did you receive it?
```

- 1 I did receive it as an e-mail. Α 2 As an e-mail, and it starts with, "Dear Phil, thanks for calling and asking for our help." 3 4 Can you explain that to us? 5 I did not ask for his help. Actually, we had, I Α would say, an active disagreement. I did call him earlier in 6 the day and asked him to read the Climate Action Report 7 before making a judgment about it, before merely accepting 8 what The New York Times and everyone else was saying that day 9 about it. He had already begun to be very critical, and 10 there were a lot of voices that day. I mean, the media on 11 12 both sides were taking up this issue of this Climate Action 13 If you go back and look, it was very controversial, Report. but you know, CEI particularly was outraged, furious about 14 the report, and I told him that it was my view that the 15 report in the New York Times was incorrect. It didn't 16 17 characterize the Climate Action Report properly. I told him 18 further that I had participated in and was confident in the interagency process that developed the Climate Action Report, 19 and so I was asking him to read the report before he 20 21 criticized it. 22
  - Q What was so controversial about the Climate Action Report?
  - A It was controversial because Chapter 6 of the report, which spoke to climate change impacts, relied, in

24

part, on summaries of materials from the National Assessment, and obviously, the conservative groups in CEI had very strong feelings about the National Assessment and were very critical of the administration for including material in this report to the United Nations that relied on information from the National Assessment.

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Q What was the purpose of the Climate Action Report?A That is a very good question.

The Climate Action Report, as I understood it, working with the State Department, which really had the lead on it, is, every 4 years, under the United Nations' framework convention on climate change, countries are supposed to or are expected to or are obliged to submit what they call a "national communication" to the convention that describes a whole host of statistics relating to population, geography, greenhouse gas emissions in a country. One of the requirements also is that you address impacts of climate change, and we made the decision -- these reports are a snapshot in time, and the information we had on impacts was from the National Assessment, and we had some caveats in the report about the uncertainties of regional projections of climate change, but we did include -- the administration included information from the National Assessment in the report.

Q And when did the Climate Action Report come out?

- 1 Α Well, it was filed like at the end of May 2002, but 2 The New York Times ran a front-page story on this date of 3 June 3rd, 2002, and that is when a lot of the media on both 4 sides, conservative and liberal media, if you will allow those terms, in the United States were very focused on 5 6 commenting on this report. 7 Q And so this came out after the settlement was
  - Q And so this came out after the settlement was reached with CEI on the National Assessment, the use of the National Assessment; is that correct?
- 10 A Yes.

- Q So why was this permitted -- why was this report, the Climate Action Report --
- 13 A I did not see it as a policy document.
- Q Did you review it? Were you involved in any way
  with the Climate Action Report?
- 16 A I was.
- 17 Q Okay. What was your involvement?
- 18 A I was sort of the CEQ representative for the
  19 interagency review of the document. As I said, the EPA and
  20 the State Department, if you look at the document, it is
  21 filed by the State Department with the framework convention,
- 22 but I was involved in --
- 23 Q So you may have added --
- 24 A -- reviewing the report.
- 25 Q -- suggestions to it?

1 Α Yes. 2 And you saw the reference to National Assessment in Q 3 it, and yet, you didn't delete that? No, I did not because I saw the report not as a 4 Α 5 policy report but as meeting a legal obligation that we file a national communication that had the following elements in 6 it, and one element was impacts, and that was the information 7 that was available to the U.S. Government at that time. 8 9 Bush administration had not undertaken a different 10 assessment, and so the judgment was made to use the information that had been developed in the National 11 Assessment and to try to caution -- to put in language that 12 cautioned about the limitations of regional impacts but to 13 include it so that we would be in legal compliance under the 14 framework convention, which is a ratified treaty of the 15 United States, with our reporting requirements, and so it was 16 a reporting document; it wasn't a policy document. 17 18 Q Okay. I understand. 19 So you called Myron Ebell on June 3rd? 20 Α Yes. I'm sorry. Was that because he had previously 21 Q contacted you or because of the New York Times' piece? 22 I cannot remember except I heard that he was taking 23 Α a very high profile and criticizing the filing of the Climate 24 25 Action Report, and I wanted to explain to him -- actually, I

- 1 wanted to ask him to read the report before rendering
- judgment on it.
- 3 Q How long would you -- do you recall how long your
- 4 conversation was with him?
- 5 A It was 5 minutes. It was not agreeable.
- 6 Q It was not agreeable?
- A We were in a disagreement. He was furious, and I
  - 8 was asking him to read the report.
- Q So he had not read the report when you had talked
- 10 to him?
- A Well, that was my view that he could not have read
- 12 the report if -- that was my view that it was unlikely he had
- read the report. It was a big, thick report, as you can see,
- 14 that they mobilized very quickly to be very critical of the
- 15 report, but I was not confident that they had read it
- thoroughly.
- 17 Q So they had already put out like a press release or
- 18 something?
- 19 A I cannot remember. Something like that.
- Q But you already knew at that time that they were
- 21 critical of this?
- A Yes. I mean, I just don't want to speculate on how
- I knew, but I just -- because I can't really remember, but
- you all have been in situations in your jobs, you know, where
- people say, "Downtown's upset about something," or "So-and-So

1	doesn't like this thing." I don't really remember, but I
2	understood that they were quite angry about the Climate
3	Action Report.
4	Q And did you ask him or CEI for any help or
5	assistance?
6	A I asked him to read the report because I thought,
7	if he read the report, he might his expressed opinion
8	might be better informed.
9	Q But you didn't ask for CEI to do anything for the
10	administration?
11	A No. No. In fact, if you look at all of this
12	report this e-mail in context, all he does is
13	really, "before this one little disaster, we could all lock
14	arms with this administration"
15	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . Just answer the question.
16	The Witness. He was very mad, and he was not going to
17	do anything to be helpful. In fact, he said he was going to
18	call for Governor Whitman to be fired the next day. He was
19	going to continue to be very critical of the administration
20	for this report.
21	
22	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
23	Q Further down in the e-mail, he talks about the
24	references to the National Assessment, and he considers it to
25	be very hurtful. I guess, based on that it looks like he

- did view that as being the policy or the Climate Action
  Report as putting forth policy.
- A Yes.

- Q After you got this e-mail and you read it, did you have any further follow-up conversations with Mr. Ebell?
- 6 A No, not that I recall.
  - Q Did you e-mail him back and respond or anything?
  - A No, I did not e-mail him back. That would have been disclosed in the Freedom of Information Act. I searched it and produced this document. I did not write him back.
    - Q Did you think it was important at the time -- this is going back several years -- you know, recognizing that he put in here, "thanks for calling and asking for our help," if you hadn't asked him for anything, did you feel it was necessary to correct that?
    - A I did not feel it necessary to correct that because, at that moment in time, I was pretty well done with him. We were in an argument, and I was not going to continue to engage with him.
- Q And what did CEI do, if anything, about the Climate
  Action Report?
  - A They filed Data Quality Petitions under a newly enacted law at four separate agencies -- at the EPA, the Commerce Department, the State Department and with the White House Office of Science and Technology Policy -- and I

- 1 participated in the decision, in the coordinated decision, by all of those agencies to deny CEI's Data Quality Petitions. 2 They wanted all references to the Climate Action Report 3 pulled off of Web sites at those respective agencies, and in 4 working with counsel from all of those agencies, you know, 5 6 you wanted the responses to be consistent and rationales to 7 be consistent, but there was a process in which I participated which resulted in CEI's Data Quality Petitions being denied, and it was only -- well, I will just leave it 9 10 That is something, though, that Senator Lieberman 11 had written to Jim Connaughton about this whole e-mail thing that I had received from CEI, and other people had asked 12 about what this meant. The Attorney General of Connecticut, 13 14 the Attorney General of Maine, Senator Lieberman, and the 15 White House did respond to Senator Lieberman. response, you know, was not up on the Web site, but they 16 responded, and they described my active role in denying -- in 17 the coordinating process to deny CEI's Data Quality Petitions 18 19 So the opposite -- I can say in a very on this report. 20 general sense that what was thought to have occurred and reported to have occurred between CEI and I, some conspiracy, 21 22 that the exact opposite was the case.
  - Q And is that documented? You said you were able to respond to --
- A It is all documented, all of the lawyers who

- participated in all of the deliberations to turn down those

  Data Quality Petitions. I was in the room and participated

  in the meetings and was very comfortable with turning them

  down, and Jim Connaughton said so in his letter back to

  Senator Lieberman.
  - Q What was your involvement in reviewing Our Changing Planet?

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Α You know, I think it was just ordinary. the Our Changing Planet Report would come through the OMB process to -- as I said, you know, it's the OMB process, 17 affected agencies. The Our Changing Planet Report is called for -- its preparation is called for in the Global Change Research Act, but you know, I want to take one step sideways for 10 seconds. The Global Change Research Act -- you know, I do have it here, and you all have it, too, because it was sent out as part of the documents last week, but Section 102 gives CEQ a role in all of the interagency process regarding the preparation of documents under the Act, including the Our Changing Planet Report, including the 10-year Strategic Plan, and it says that a high-ranking official from each of these agencies is supposed to be the one who is reviewing these documents and coordinating them and reporting them, and I was the high-ranking official at that agency, and so --

- Q You were tasked --
- 25 A And so to get to your question --

1	Q with this issue
2	A Yes. I got on the review list as the CEQ
3	representative who reviewed the Our Changing Planet Report
4	when OMB would send it out for interagency review, and I
5	think you know, there were a lot of people on those
6	reviews, 50, 60 people. I was one.
7	Q And was anybody else at CEQ also involved in
8	reviewing that, like Mr. Hannegan?
9	A Yes. Mr. Hannegan, after he came, really, really
10	in large part took over the whole science portfolio. He took
11	over a lot of the work on climate change. You know, we were
12	drafting voluntary emissions reporting guidelines. At DOE,
13	that was a huge project. He worked on that. He worked on
14	the science stuff. He had the background and the interest,
15	and he was a very competent person, and he took over a lot of
16	the climate change work when he came to the council.
17	Q And when did he I'm sorry. Tell me again. When
18	did he
19	A I think it was in the spring of 2003. I don't
20	remember the exact date.
21	Q Of 2003?
22	A I believe so.
23	Q So was Our Changing Planet sort of like the
24	strategic plan in that there are many drafts of it?
25	A Not as many as the strategic plan. The strategic

- 1 plan was really a very important document because it set the 2 tone of the administration's research priorities for a 3 10-year period, and a lot of people were invested in it, and we included the National Academy of Sciences in its formal 4 5 review, and we had the big international workshop, so the review process on the 10-year Strategic Plan was a lot more 6 elaborate than the review process on the annual Our Changing 7 Planet Report. The Our Changing Planet Report was just 8 routinely transmitted and sent to and accepted by Congress. 9 10 It is a report that accompanies our submission of the budget, and we were requesting between \$1.6 billion and \$2 billion a 11 12 year for climate change research, and it itemized what 13 agencies would be doing what work under our budget. 14 budget report.
- 15 Q And it was prepared by CCSP?

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- A It was initially drafted -- Mr. Piltz testified at the hearing in January that he was the person who drafted the Our Changing Planet Report. I didn't really know who drafted it, but he said he drafted it, and then it would be sent to OMB for interagency review, and I would comment along with many others.
- Q So did you deal with Dr. Mahoney again with regard to your comments on this?
- A I don't remember specifically, but I would just say that Dr. Mahoney and I had a very cordial and respectful

•	working retactoriship, and it he had a question about it or
2	about a recommendation I had made, he would pick up the phone
3	or I would do the same, but he held the pen at the end of the
4	process, and he said so in his statements to Congress.
5	[Exhibit No. 13
6	was marked for identification.]
7	
8	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
9	Q Let me just show you a document on this matter, and
10	if you will, just take a quick look through this. I am not
11	going to ask you about everything in here, but it's just to
12	refresh your recollection about this document.
13	A Yes.
14	Q Are these your edits, your handwriting edits, on
15	these pages that we see?
16	A They are. You know, it is my handwriting, but I am
17	not sure what I did with this document when I wrote on it. I
18	may have I don't know if I sent it back to Dr. Mahoney or
19	whether I called him and said, you know, after a day or two
20	thinking about it and said, you know, "I have got one or two
21	big comments on this." I do not remember formally sending
22	this back to him.
23	Q You don't?
24	A No.
25	Q Because it looks like

1 Α I may have called him or I may have said -- I may 2 have thought about it overnight and said, "Gee, maybe I'm. 3 making a mountain out of a molehill. I've just got two things that really matter to me. They're trying to publish 4 5 this report. They're trying to have this public workshop." So I might have called him and said, you know, "What's this 6 point on a 'certain page'"? I do not remember sending this 7 8 back with my hard, you know, written comments. These might have been just my notes to myself, and I may have called him. 9 10 0 So you have no recollection of either sending this back or having any conversation with Dr. Mahoney? 11 Because, . 12 as to some of your comments on the side, it looks like they're proposing a revision to your initial comment, and 13 14 sometimes --15 Α Yes. -- you have on the side "no" or "okay" --16 Q 17 Α Yes. 18 -- or you know, "take that out" or whatever. Q 19 Do you recall having direct conversations with Dr. Mahoney about, you know, their suggestions and whether 20 21 you agreed with them or didn't agree with them? 22 Α I just don't remember specifically. It is 23 November 2002, so that was just -- I just don't remember a 24 day where we talked about this.

Q Let me ask you this, though.

1	Dr. Mahoney is sending this back to you with a revision
2	of your initial comment. Would you have been in a position
3	to either send this back or to call him and say, "Sorry,
4	Dr. Mahoney. No, you cannot change my comment"?
5	A He was of a much higher rank than I in the
6	administration. He was the Senate-confirmed Assistant
7	Secretary of the Department of Commerce, and so it would I
8	understood he had a higher rank, and it was he. Not only
9	that, he had responsibility as the Director of the Climate
10	Change Science Program Office to have the final word on
11	content. So, you know, I could have said, "Why not"? I
12	could have argued, but he always had the final judgment and
13	decision.
14	Q So you couldn't demand that he take one of your
15	comments if he did not want to?
16	A No.
17	Q Okay. Did you ever meet you said earlier you
18	met Mr. Piltz because you were in some meetings with him.
19	A Yes. I would see him at meetings, yes. So I might
20	say "hi" to him, and he would say "hi" to me.
21	Q Did Mr. Piltz ever directly confront you about his
22	concerns that he has put in this memo that we have been
23	talking about? Did he ever address this with you?
24	A No. No. It was it is puzzling to me that we
25	did participate in a number of meetings together, and I now

- understand he had strong views about my role, but he didn't
- 2 speak to me about it.
- Q Did Dr. Mahoney or anybody else on his behalf,
- 4 perhaps, ever address any of these issues with you?
- 5 A Rick Piltz' issues?
- 6 Q Yes.
- 7 A No. Dr. Mahoney just -- he just did his job. We
- 8 talked about -- we talked occasionally. We talked things
- 9 through, and it was very respectful.
- 10 Q I would like to talk about the --
- 11 A He didn't tell me Mr. Piltz had a problem. I did
- 12 not know that.
- 13 Q You did not know that until you later saw a copy of
- 14 his memo?
- 15 A Yes, and a lot of other things.
- 16 Q I would like to talk now about the EPA's draft
- 17 report on the environment.
- 18 A Yes.
- Q Can you tell me what was your role, if any, with
- regard to that report?
- A Well, again, I was a reviewer. Although, that was
- a big report, and there were a lot of dimensions to the
- 23 report -- air quality, water quality, Federal land,
- Super Fund cleanups. It was a big, enormous report, so a lot
- of people reviewed it.

1	Q Within CEQ?
2	A Within the throughout the Federal Government.
3	Thirty agencies participated in the interagency review on
4	that, something like that. A lot of people participated in
5	the review because it was about environmental indicators, and
6	so I but I did comment on a very short, I think it was, 4-
7	or 5-page climate section that they had drafted.
8	Q I'm sorry. Just so I understand, your only role in
9	reviewing that document was the short section on climate
10	change?
11	A Not really, because I do recall at some point
12	looking at some of the air quality chapters although there
13	were people in CEQ who were experts about air quality, so
14	they would have reviewed it, but I do remember looking at
15	other elements of the report and looking at it in its
16	totality because it was an important report on environmental
17	indicators, but narrowly, I did look at the climate change
18	well, the 5-page summary that they had drafted for inclusion
19	in the report on global climate change.
20	Q So who else besides yourself at CEQ I mean how
21	many other people at CEQ looked at this report also?
22	A A lot. I would say a number of people. In fact,
23	we had at that time a detailee from EPA named Alan Hecht who

was really -- he was at CEQ, but he was working with EPA on

the development and -- the interagency development and review

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- of the state of the environment report, and CEQ, itself, had
- for many years under the authority that it has under NEPA --
- 3 issued a report on environmental indicators, but in this
- 4 case, an agreement was made that EPA would undertake an
- 5 effort like that, and so we had a detailee at CEQ, Alan
- 6 Hecht, who really managed this, and he would walk the draft
- 7 around to different people in CEQ and get comments, collect
- 8 them and send them back to the Agency.
- 9 Q So would you have given him your comments?
- 10 A Yes.
- 11 Q And how many do you recall? How many drafts? Do
- 12 you recall how many versions of this report you would have
- 13 looked at?
- 14 A You know, it was -- in this case, there were a lot
- of different drafts. It was not -- its development really
- 16 was not smooth in the interagency process, not only on the
- 17 climate change issue, but in general, it was not really
- smooth, so there were a number of drafts.
- 19 Q And do you recall -- and I don't have the document,
- so this is only what your recollection is.
- Do you recall what type of edits or suggestions, maybe
- the themes, that you would have made comments on or edited to
- this report? Do you recall any of them?
- 24 A Yes, I do recall some of the edits that I
- 25 suggested.

- 1 Q What are the ones that you recall?
- 2 A I recall -- God, there are so many reports.
- 3 Q I know.

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A I recall there was this opening, Global Climate Changes Implications, Global Implications for Human Health and the Environment or something. It was the opening statement, and I thought -- is that correct or --

Ms. <u>Bennett.</u> Go ahead. I don't recall off the top of my head.

The <u>Witness</u>. Well, it seemed a sweeping statement, to me, relative to what the National Academy of Sciences has said about how poorly understood any impacts on human health would be. I also recommended an insertion to what was a new report, the report by Soon and Baliunas, on proxy data the past 1,000 years and what it said about the temperature record for the past 1,000 years, and I recommended a citation to that report which had come out in the spring of 2003 and was a federally funded report -- although, API, I understood, contributed a minimal amount -- but as a new report, it had gained a lot of attention, and it was prepared by Willy Soon and Sally Baliunas, who are both scientists at the Harvard Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, and I thought it was material because it spoke to the question of whether the 20th Century was, in fact, the warmest in the past millennium. It was new. It was current, and I recommended

controversial in Mr. Piltz' view. So I looked at a couple of the comments that I had made on drafts. There were different drafts, though, that evolved, and I think there was a view. There was an experience that EPA was not very receptive to comments and recommendations that other agencies were making on its drafts. I think there was frustration. I think there was a view -- if you look at documents that were sent up to the committee that I reviewed last week that were sent to the Council of Economic Advisors, the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the Office of Management and Budget, the Department of Energy, they were all concerned and stated their concern that the EPA 5-page draft on climate change lacked balance, and that was the view that we shared, so there was back and forth on that element of the report.

Q "Back and forth" meaning you were involved in that, or do you mean "back and forth" among the different agencies?

A I gave my comments to Alan Hecht, who was the detailee, and he said -- you know, he really took the comments back to EPA, and then we'd get a new draft a month later, and we would say, "Why haven't any of our comments been addressed"? So there was some frustration, I think, but Alan was the interface between the Environmental Protection Agency and our office and a lot of other agencies. He was the sort of the detailee guy who was pulling this report

1	together, leading it, leading its development in being pulled
2	together. So, in CEQ, a number of us gave comments to Alan,
3	and he took them back to EPA for their consideration.
4	Q Did you have any conversations with anyone at EPA
5	about your edits or suggestions?
6	A With EPA?
7	Q Yes.
8	A Well, Alan himself was an EPA employee, and he was
9	detailed at the White House, so I only spoke to him. I
10	didn't speak to anyone at the EPA, you know, to my
11	recollection.
12	Ms. <u>Safavian</u> . Okay. Let me show you this document
13	which is Exhibit 14.
14	[Exhibit No. 14
15	was marked for identification.]
16	
17	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
18	Q And I will just ask you to take a quicker view of
19	it.
20	A I have seen this portion of it. I haven't seen the
21	third page.
22	Q Well, I'm only going to focus on the first two
23	pages. So you have seen this before, and when did you see
24	it?
25	A I do not remember. After you know, after the

1	state of the chivit offinent keport was released, I believe, in
2	June 2003, there was a lot of media attention about the fact
3	that there was not a climate chapter in the report. I think
4	I saw this memoranda, but it was only after the report was
5	issued, and
6	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> Can I interrupt and ask a question?
7	This document, this exhibit, is different than the memo
8	that we received from CEQ in the same matter. I was just
9	wondering. I am just trying to figure out where this came
10	from. It seems to have come from a textbook, but that was in
11	the last tranche of documents that we received in the take
12	your time. I was just wondering if we should include that
13	along with the
14	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Not until I've had a chance to review it.
15	
16	BY MS. SAFAVIAN:
17	Q Okay. I'm sorry. You said you were saying that
18	you
19	A That I became aware of this memorandum after the
20	report was released and the media covered the report.
21	Q Did you know prior to seeing this that there was
22	some concern on EPA's part about CEQ and OMB's edits and
23	comments to the report?
24	A You know, I recall Alan Hecht saying, "We're
25	getting some pushback from EPA, but I'll handle it." but he

1 was the front -- he was the interface, and he -- I remember his saying something like that, you know, and so --2 3 But you don't recall beyond that any other controversy about the White House's edits to the report? 4 I recall that there was a resolution process at the 5 Α end of the process for disagreements, and that was between Governor Whitman and Chairman Connaughton, and I understood 7 that Governor Whitman made the decision to remove the 5-page 8 9 summary on climate change science and, instead, decided to insert a reference, a Web site reference, to the 10-year 10 11 Strategic Plan and to the USGCRP Web site for the Our 12 Changing Planet Report. 13 I might just say further that Dr. Marburger, the White House Science Advisor, issued a public statement on this in 14 2004 in response to a report from the Union of Concerned 15 16 Scientists about this whole issue, and he has taken it upon 17 himself to explain the White House Science Office's view of 18 this issue, and so I don't know if you have his statement, 19 but it is an important it's consistent. 20 Q You mentioned that you knew that there was a 21 dialogue between Mr. Connaughton and Christine Todd Whitman. 22 Do you know when that occurred? 23 Α I don't. 24 Were you present during the meeting? 0

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Α

I was not.

- 1 Q Okay. How do you even know about it then?
- A I can't really remember.

Q Do you think it was something Mr. Connaughton would have informed you about?

A He may have come into my office and said, you know, "They're going to publish this report next week. We really - we had a good conversation, and we have a path forward," or something. I shouldn't even say things like that. I don't remember anything that he said. I don't know how I knew that they had a conversation, but his office was right next to mine, so he might have told me that he had spoken to her.

Q Well, then, how do you know that it was Ms. Whitman who made the decision to just remove those 5 pages and make other references?

A You know, I could be incorrect on this point, but I believe that the EPA public statements in the media after the report was published said that the EPA has decided to remove the climate change 5-page summary in favor of a reference to the strategic plan, which came out, as you know, a month later and was a much fuller exposition of the science of climate change and what we were going to be addressing than the 5-page summary that the EPA had developed was.

- Sorry for the long answer.
- Q That's okay.
- So, beyond, maybe, what you read in the press, do you

recall having any further recollection of anybody else discussing this matter with you, the concerns that EPA may have had about the White House's edits to their report?

A No. I would just volunteer something, I guess, I have already said. My lawyer doesn't want me to volunteer anything, but we were sort of mystified that, as we commented on various drafts, that the comments didn't seem to be -- they were not addressed, and so a lot of people were saying, you know, "Why isn't the EPA responding to the comments it's receiving on the report on a whole range of issues"?

Q Do you mean referring just to CEQ's comments or --

A Everybody's. Everybody's. All of the other agencies were.

Q They had the same complaint?

A Yes. You know, the natural resource agencies in the Department of the Interior collect a lot of data on western lands and grazing and endangered species and things like that, and there was, I think, a level of concern among a number of agencies that the EPA was not being responsive to input that it was receiving, but Alan Hecht, again, is the interface at our office.

Ms. <u>Safavian</u>. At this time, what I am going to do is I think I will hold and reserve our remaining 13, 14 minutes, and at the end, if you all would just save that time, Brooke may have a few follow-up questions just to wrap things up.

1	Mr. <u>Baran.</u> Sure.
2	Ms. <u>Safavian.</u> Does that work? I think we have about 13
3	minutes; is that right? So, if you will, just save those 13
4	minutes.
5	I apologize, Mr. Cooney, but I do have to leave now.
6	Thank you very much for being here today and answering our
7	questions.
8	The <u>Witness.</u> Thank you.
9	Mr. <u>Dotson.</u> Can we take one moment for the reporters to
10	switch?
11	[Recess.]
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1	RPTS BINGHAM
2	DCMN HERZFELD
3	[5:18 p.m.]
4	Mr. Baran. I am Jeff Baran, and I will be doing the
5	next set of questioning.
6	EXAMINATION
7	BY MR. BARAN:
8	Q I would like to return to Exhibit Number 9.
9	Exhibit Number 9 is an October 28, 2002, fax cover sheet
10	attached to a number of pages from the October 21, 2002,
11	draft of the strategic plan. You prepared this fax, correct?
12	A Yes. My writing on the cover sheet.
13	Q There are a number of handwritten edits and
14	comments to this draft. Did you personally make these edits
15	and comments?
16	A Yes. I haven't looked at every page, but I expect
17	I did.
18	Q Take a moment to review it.
19	Mr. Tuohey. Your question is comprehensive, all the
20	changes?
21	Mr. <u>Baran.</u> Yes.
22	The <u>Witness</u> . Okay. These appear to be all of my
23	comments, yes.
24	Mr. Baran. We are done with that document.
25	I will ask the renorter to mark this exhibit Exhibit 15

.

1	May 30, 2003, fax cover sheet attached to a two-page document
2	and a number of pages from the May 28, 2003, draft of the
3	strategic plan.
4	[Exhibit No. 15
5	was marked for identification.]
6	BY MR. BARAN:
7	Q You prepared this fax, correct?
8	A Yes. That is my handwriting on the cover letter.
9	Q The fax sheet refers to red flags. What did you
10	mean by "red flags"?
11	A Well, that was Dr. Mahoney's term when he sent out
12	these drafts to Mr. Connaughton, Dr. Marburger and others.
13	He called it a red-flag review. And it was, you know, an
14	informal process for reviewing the draft at that time.
15	Q Did a red flag signify that it was an edit of
16	significance, particular significance?
17	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> If you know.
18	The <u>Witness.</u> It was it was his term. I guess if you
19	put if you hand-wrote the words "red flag," it is like can
20	we talk about this one? You know, the other stuff may have
21	been editorial, but if you put "red flag," it would imply
22	let's talk about this one.
23	Q So if there were topics that you had serious
24	concerns about, you would red flag those?
25	A Well, it was a red-flag review. Sometimes you

1 would write the word "red flag" and imply -- I guess it would 2 imply that you're serious about the comment, and you want to 3 talk about it. When you used the term "red flag," did you expect 4 0 5 that that edit would be accepted? 6 No, because Dr. Mahoney made all final decisions. 7 I was just --8 So when you did your editing at CEQ, did you 0 9 generally use the term "red flag" in this way? 10 Α My editing at CEQ at large? I don't understand 11 your question. 12 0 Let me rephrase the question. With respect to the strategic plan, when you used the term "red flag," did you 13 use it in the way you just described? 14 15 Again, I would say that the terminology "red flag 16 review" was in the caption line of what Dr. Mahoney sent out. 17 But, yes, I generally describe that I -- if I was 18 red-flagging something, I thought it was an important issue. 19 Q In your experience, when you raised a red flag, 20 would your concern be addressed by Dr. Mahoney? 21 Α I generally didn't do a reconciliation between whether I had made a comment and whether it was accepted. 22 23 0 The next two pages of the document are comments by 24 The top of the page says, "Comments from Bryan Hannegan (CEQ)." Is this a list of Bryan Hannegan's edits? 25

1	A I assume so.
2	Q Take a look at the edits for a moment. Do those
3	look like edits that Bryan Hannegan would make?
4	A Some do. I wouldn't make a comment like I don't
5	think I would make a comment like, "Thawing permafrost may
6	not necessarily lead to emissions of methane," because I
7	don't know anything about that. So he would more likely have
8	made that comment than I.
9	Q On the remaining pages there are a number of
10	handwritten comments and edits to this draft. Take a moment
11	to review those. Are all of these edits and comments yours?
12	A Yes. These comments appear to be my comments.
13	Q Thank you. We are finished with that exhibit.
14	Mr. Baran. I ask the reporter to mark this exhibit
15	Exhibit 16.
16	[Exhibit No. 16
17	was marked for identification.]
18	BY MR. BARAN:
19	Q Exhibit 16 is a June 2nd, 2003, fax cover sheet
20	attached to a number of pages from the May 29th, 2003, draft
21	of the strategic plan. You prepared this fax, correct?
22	A You said from a May 29th, 2003
23	Q Draft of the strategic plan.
24	A These are my comments.
25	Q So, you prepared that fax?

l	A Um-hum. Yes.
2	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> You have to answer yes or no.
3	The <u>Witness.</u> Yes.
4	BY MR. BARAN:
5	Q And the handwritten edits and comments on that
6	draft were yours?
7	A Yes.
8	Q Thank you. We are done with that exhibit.
9	Mr. <u>Baran.</u> I will ask the reporter to mark this
10	exhibit.
11	[Exhibit No. 17
12	was marked for identification.]
13	BY MR. BARAN:
14	Q Exhibit 17 is a list of CEQ edits and comments to
15	the strategic plan. It is dated June 16th, 2003; is that
16	correct?
17	A Yes.
18	Q Are these your edits and comments?
19	A The document itself says BH and PC, so they appear
20	to be both of our comments integrated into one document.
21	Q At several points in the document, there are
22	comments that have an explanation associated with them. For
23	example, on this first page, when you see the reference to
24	page 6, line 38 to 40, there is an edit there followed by, in
25	brackets, "Explanation," and then an explanation is given.

Mr. Tuohey. The one that says, "Let's be judged by our 1 2 products." 3 Mr. Baran. Correct. 4 BY MR. BARAN: 5 Can you tell us whether explanations like those 0 6 were yours? 7 Α I can't. 8 Let's look at the next page, page 22, the reference Q to page 22, line 44 to 45. See, there is an explanation 9 10 there: "Explanation: Wasn't it all 'internal' processes in the historic record? What was the source of any 'external' 11 12 forcing?" 13 Do you know if that was your explanation in edit? 14 Α I do not. 15 Let's turn to next page, the reference to page 27, 16 line 39 to 41. There is an explanation there: 17 considerations preclude mentioning the National Assessment." Do you know whether that is your edit and comment? 18 19 I really do not know whether it is mine. Α So you just don't have a recollection of whether 20 0 21 any specific edit or comment on this list was yours or Bryan 22 Hannegan's? If I went one by one, he, obviously, is a trained 23 scientist and would give comments that I would recognize as 24 25 his if they were very inherently scientific.

1	Q Do you have a sense with this round of edits how
2	many edits you made in comparison to how many edits Bryan
3	Hannegan made?
4	A I don't recall.
5	Mr. Baran. I think we are done with that exhibit.
6	I ask the reporter to mark this exhibit Exhibit 18.
7	[Exhibit No. 18
8	was marked for identification.]
9	BY MR. BARAN:
10	Q Exhibit 18 is a number of pages from the Agency's
11	concurrence draft of the strategic plan. There are a number
12	of handwritten edits to this draft. Did you personally make
13	these edits?
14	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . Take your time.
15	The Witness. Actually I would say that, yes, I
16	recognize this as my handwriting. And on page 216, this
17	appears to be where I make a recommendation to delete a
18	reference to the National Assessment. As I pointed out
19	before, that was a recommendation that was not accepted by
20	Dr. Mahoney as the final report. Page 111 contains this
21	sentence.
22	BY MR. BARAN:
23	Q But these were your edits?
24	A I believe so.
25	O Thank you blooms done with that autility

· 1	Mr. <u>Baran.</u> I will ask the reporter to mark this
2	exhibit.
3	[Exhibit No. 19
4	was marked for identification.]
5	BY MR. BARAN:
6	Q Exhibit 19 is a June 5, 2003, fax cover sheet
7	attached to a number of pages from the June 4, 2003, draft of
8	the executive summary of the strategic plan. You prepared
9	this fax, correct?
10	A Yes.
11	Q There are a number of handwritten edits and
12	comments to this draft. Please take a moment to look at the
13	document. Are all of these edits and comments yours?
14	A They are.
15	Q Thank you. We are finished with that exhibit.
16	Mr. Baran. I ask the reporter to mark this exhibit.
17	[Exhibit No. 20
18	was marked for identification.]
19	BY MR. BARAN:
20	Q Exhibit 20 has a number of pages from the June 5th,
21	2003, draft of the executive summary of the strategic plan.
22	There are a number of handwritten edits to this draft. Did
23	you personally make these edits?
24	A This is my handwriting. You refer to them as
25	edits, though, and these are recommendations. That was not

1 in a final --2 0 Suggested. 3 Α Suggested. Mr. Tuohey. And that would be true for all of the 4 5 documents you have shown him today with regard to the strategic plan. 6 7 BY MR. BARAN: 8 0 Is that your view in each case? 9 A That's true. They were recommendations, comments. 10 A lot of them were posed as questions, in fact. 11 Mr. Baran. We are done with that document. 12 I will ask the reporter to mark this exhibit. 13 [Exhibit No. 21 14 was marked for identification.1 BY MR. BARAN: 15 16 Exhibit 21 is a July 3rd, 2003, e-mail attached to 0 a number of pages of a July 24th, '03, draft of the Climate 17 18 Change Science Program revision document. 19 Mr. Tuohey. Do you know what this is? Look at the 20 third page. 21 The Witness. Yes. I guess, this is this --22 Mr. Baran. I haven't asked a question yet. BY MR. BARAN: 23 In the upper right-hand corner of the e-mail, there 24 Q 25 is a note which reads, "Discussed with Jim Mahoney 7/9/03.

1 He will consider these suggested final edits. PC." 2 Did you write this note? 3 Α Yes. It is my writing. Describe the conversation with Dr. Mahoney to which 4 Q this note refers. 5 I really don't have any specific recollection of 6 7 the conversation. 8 There are a number of handwritten edits to this Q 9 Did you personally make these edits? 10 Mr. Tuohey. Take your time. Go through the draft. 11 is a lengthy document. 12 The Witness. They appear to be my edits, except on this one page where I really can't see what the comment is. It 13 14 just doesn't copy here. Mr. Tuohey. Jeff, that page there is no number, but it 15 16 is the page that --17 The Witness. Just can't see what the comment is. Ms. <u>Bennett.</u> -- starts with "Global carbon cycle." 18 Mr. Tuohey. "Global carbon cycle" is in the upper 19 20 left-hand corner. 21 BY MR. BARAN: 22 I believe the comment reads, "Sequestration 0 23 opportunities or alternative responsibilities options." 24 Sure, maybe mine is a little bit better. 25

That would be correct.

Yes.

1	Q We are through with that document.
2	Exhibit 22.
3	[Exhibit No. 22
4	was marked for identification.]
5	BY MR. BARAN:
6	Q Exhibit 22 is a fax cover sheet attached to a
7	number of pages from the June 20, 2003, draft of the Climate
8	Change Science Program's vision document. You prepared this
9	fax, correct?
10	A Yes.
11	Q There are a number of handwritten edits and
12	comments to this draft. And can you tell us whether these
13	edits and comments are yours?
14	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> While he is looking at that, I assume that
15	this was a document produced by the CEQ?
16	Mr. <u>Baran.</u> That's correct.
17	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> Okay.
18	The <u>Witness</u> . This appears to be my handwriting. These
19	would reflect comments. But there is there are a number
20	of things going on. This is comments, but also you have
21	comments, "Leave," "Good," and so they seem to reflect a
22	reconciliation or discussion of comments as well as initial
23	comments.
24	Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> And is that your language, your writing?
25	The Witness. It looks like my writing, sort of.

1	BY MR. BARAN:
2	Q Just to clarify, the base comments are the ones
3	that are yours; is that correct?
4	A Well, distinguishing the base from the
5	reconciliation comments
6	Mr. <u>Tuohey</u> . He first asked about the base comments.
7	The base comments are yours?
8	The Witness. You can't tell what are the base versus
9	the reconciliation comments, so it is just a little bit
10	confusing. Like there's "good" in this margin. I don't kno
11	whether it is good because I was satisfied with the way they
12	were going to handle it, or I thought it was a good comment.
13	I just don't know.
14	BY MR. BARAN:
15	Q Just to be clear, was it all your handwriting, or
16	did it look like one set of comments was done by you, and
17	another set of comments, the reconciliation, was done by
18	someone else?
19	Mr. Tuohey. Some of it is hard to see, hard to read.
20	The Witness. It is my judgment that they are both
21	probably my handwriting, but I don't there are words I
22	look at that don't necessarily look like my handwriting.
23	BY MR. BARAN:
24	Q Fair enough. Thank you.
25	Mr. Baran. I ask the reporter to mark this exhibit.

1	LEXHIBIT NO. 23
2	was marked for identification.]
3	BY MR. BARAN:
4	Q Exhibit 23 is the approval form for the strategic
5	plan for the Climate Change Science Program. Your signature
6	appears on the form, and there is a checkmark next to, "I
7	approve of the attached report." You did sign this form,
8	correct?
9	A I did.
10	Q If you refused to clear the strategic plan, would
11	it have been issued?
12	A It is I expect it would have. I don't think
13	you know, this was unusual to have a concurrence form. I
14	think Dr. Mahoney wanted an assurance that every agency that
15	had worked on this project for a year, through multiple
16	drafts, had an affirmative signature with his office that
17	they endorsed the plan.
18	And I can't really answer your question, if I had said
19	no, would it have been not have gone. I think he was
20	looking for this, for assurance, and everyone gave him the
21	assurance, and everyone had a lot of confidence in him. And
22	I gave him the assurance, and I concurred. I can't really
23	speak to what the consequence would have been if I had not.
24	I doubt though that it would have stopped the publication of
25	the report, because Dr. Mahoney had control over final edits

1 and final approval of the report. 2 So your sense is that this strategic plan could have been issued without White House approval? 3 Mr. Tuohey. You're equating his signature with White 4 5 House approval? 6 Mr. Baran. Yes. The <u>Witness</u>. Approval connotes something that looks 7 like this, some hard-edged, tangible "we approve." 8 9 Never really got to that on these reports. In this case I think Dr. Mahoney was looking for assurance that everybody 10 was on board. It was an important report to the 11 administration. And I think he was confident that he would 12 get a 100 percent response rate that everyone agreed to the 13 report. Even though everyone's comments weren't accepted, 14 and he rejected a lot of comments, he wanted to know that 15 16 everyone concurred in the report as a team effort across the administration. He had made the final judgments, but he 17 18 wanted everyone's concurrence. But generally with these documents, there wasn't a hard 19 approval. The comment process was respectful and iterative, 20 often in the form of questions, and so we didn't get to 21 22 legalistic hard approvals. 23 BY MR. BARAN: 24 Let me ask this: Do you believe that the Climate Q Change Science Program thought they could release the 25

1 strategic plan without your signature on that form? 2 I think they think -- I think they could have 3 released it without my signature. I think they might have taken half a day to appeal to the Chairman and say, your guy 4 5 has a problem with this, I would like to discuss it with you. 6 but everyone else supports it. But again, it is a very 7 hypothetical question. I concurred in the report. Mr. Tuohey. That wasn't the question. 9 The Witness. I am sorry. I am sorry. I just -- I 10 don't know the answer to your question. 11 I don't think -- I think that the report would have been 12 published. It was the culmination of a very public. 13 year-long effort. 14 BY MR. BARAN: 15 Q Just not to belabor it, but just to make sure you 16 understood my question, do you think that the CCSP folks had 17 the same understanding that you did? 18 Α CCSP folks were not distinguishable from 19 Dr. Mahoney. Dr. Mahoney ran the CCSP, and he had the most 20 important understanding. And I think that he felt that he 21 had authority to publish the report. 22 0 Okay. We are done with that exhibit. 23 Mr. Baran. I ask the reporter to mark this exhibit. 24 Exhibit is 24 marked.

[Exhibit No. 24

1	was marked for identification.]
2	BY MR. BARAN:
3	Q Exhibit 24 is a copy, a sheet of paper that was
4	attached to your edits to EPA's draft report on the
5	environment.
6	Do you recognize the document; is that correct?
7	A Which month of comments? There were it was a
8	cover sheet to which set of comments? There were a number of
9	sets of comments.
10	Q Let me rephrase the question. Do you recognize
11	this exhibit to be a copy of a sheet of paper attached to a
12	set of comments to the draft report on the environment?
13	A I recognize that as my handwriting. And I
14	recognize the response back is from Alan Hecht.
15	Q And Alan Hecht was the
16	A EPA.
17	Q Detailee
18	A Detailee at CEQ who was coordinating our feedback
19	on this report.
20	Q The exhibit reads, that top comment, "Alan, these
21	changes must be made. Thanks. Phil."
22	Is that your comment?
23	A That was my comment.
24	Q And as the Chief of Staff of the White House CEQ,
25	you were given an order here, weren't you?

1	A No. I mean, the language is mandatory, but the
2	comment process within the executive branch is very collegial
3	and respectful. And I wouldn't read it as an order. I think
4	my recollection is that I wrote this comment after we had
5	received back from EPA a few additional drafts that did not
6	reflect that they had considered comments that had been
7	provided by our Agency. Yet we were receiving at the same
8	time a message from EPA, through Alan Hecht, that Governor
9	Whitman wanted to publish the report soon, that she wants to
10	publish, you know, soon; I can't remember the exact time, but
11	within a certain time frame. And my recollection is that I
12	wrote this sort of in response to that pressure. If they
13	want to publish, they need to respond, to engage in our
14	comments.
15	And so it was my way of getting Alan Hecht something to

And so it was my way of getting Alan Hecht something to go back to the Agency with and say, you have got to engage their comments. You can't just continue to disregard them. But it was -- it wasn't -- it just was not an order. It was not an order, which was your question.

Q Do you expect that Alan Hecht took this comment to EPA and told them that the changes you made had to be made?

Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. If you know. If you know.

The <u>Witness</u>. I don't know. I really don't know how he used it.

BY MR. BARAN:

1	Q Did you have a discussion with Alan Hecht about
2	this note so that you knew he had the same understanding of
3	the note that you did?
4	A I don't recall. Alan and I would talk
5	occasionally, and he would he was very confident as a
6	capable interface in leading this project and in getting our
7	comments back to the EPA. And so I just don't have a
8	specific recollection of a conversation, but we would talk.
9	He would say, getting pushback, or, I have got it under
10	control.
11	Q We are done with that exhibit.
12	The committee has learned that executive branch agencies
13	would sometimes contact CEQ regarding specific press requests
14	to interview specific scientists. Please explain how this
15	practice was established.
16	A I don't know enough about it really.
17	Q Were you involved in this process of signing off or
18	specific requests by media to interview government
19	scientists?
20	A I was may have been involved. What happened was
21	communications people who handle press calls all the time
22	know each other. They meet. They go to lunch. And if a
23	call came in to an agency, and they weren't quite sure what
24	to do about it, sometimes they would ask their own

management, how do we handle this? Or a call would come in

to both the White House and an agency, and we would say, who is going to return the call? And so communications people would figure out how to respond to media requests.

Sometimes they came both to the White House and the agency, and so they coordinated. And on occasion, although I don't have any specific recollection of a conversation, our communications office person could come into my office and say, I got a call from the NOAA guy, I got a call from this guy, I handled it this way. They may have talked to me about it. It was -- communications people had their own network, and they handled media and --

Q Could CEQ approve or disapprove press requests?

A I think that is too hard a word, approve or disapprove. Our communications people would render a view as to whether someone should give an interview or not or who it should be. In the White House, you know, that is what they did, communicating with various communications offices. But, again, it was iterative. It wasn't in our nature to be giving sharp orders really. It was, who is going to handle the call? How are we doing to handle this? And communications people did that among themselves generally. If they wanted to interview the Chairman, then they would talk to the Chairman about it.

Q The committee has learned that in 2005 the National Oceanic -- NOAA contacted Michele St. Martin at CEQ about a

pending media request to interview a NOAA scientist. 1 explain how Ms. St. Martin would have assessed and responded 2 3 to this request? I just don't know enough about that specific 4 Α 5 She, like me, got 150 e-mails a day, 25 calls. don't know how she would have handled that request. 6 7 Ms. St. Martin told NOAA to monitor the press calls and report back to CEQ. Were you aware of this practice? 8 9 Α No, not that I recall. 10 So you never gave an instruction to Ms. St. Martin 0 or anyone else to have agencies report back on press calls, 11 12 press interviews with government scientists? 13 Α Not that I recall. On August 28, 2003, EPA denied a petition to 14 0 15 regulate greenhouse gas emissions from motor vehicles. 16 you familiar with this decision? 17 Α I am. 18 Did you monitor this Agency action while serving as 19 the CEQ Chief of Staff? 20 I spoke to our general counsel when this was emerging for decisionmaking, a very early point, and said 21 that I was uncomfortable -- because I had taken such a 22 position in opposing the petition in my prior job, I was 23 24 uncomfortable having anything to do with EPA's

decisionmaking. And she said to me, as I recall, well, there

].

- is no formal bar to your participation, but you can
  voluntarily recuse yourself from all decisionmaking on the
  petition. And I did.
  - Q So you were concerned that it would give the appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest if you were involved?
- A Yes. It made me feel uncomfortable to be involved.

  And I thought it improper because I had taken such a public advocacy position against the petition before I joined government.
- Q Were there any other matters while you were at CEQ on which you recused yourself?
- 13 A Yes.

- 14 Q Can you describe those for us?
  - A To the best of my ability, after the election in 2004, I had pretty well reached a conclusion that I was ready to look for work outside of government, and I interviewed with some law and lobbying firms, and there are formal recusals in place with our general counsel for any matters that -- in which they were implicated.

But through the spring of '05, as it became increasingly clear to me that I was going to be leaving, and I really did not know where I was going to go, I was sort of struggling with it every night. And I had another opportunity inside the administration that I was also considering. I backed off

1	quite a bit on policymaking. The Asia Pacific Partnership,
2	for example, was being developed in the spring of 2005, and I
3	made it clear to my colleague, Ken Peal, and to others that I
4	felt uncomfortable; the knowledge that I would be leaving the
5	administration soon, I didn't want to be deeply involved in
6	the development of that initiative. And I do recall sending
7	e-mails to colleagues and EOP notifying them that I had
8	formal recusals in place, so not to bring to my attention
9	priority matters on energy and environmental issues.

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I was continuing to manage the Agency budget, hiring, firing, and making sure that all documents coming in were being responded to, but I was backing away from an active policy role. And I was very affirmative about it and consulted very closely with our general counsel about those matters.

Was there a formal recusal form for the EPA 0 petition to regulate greenhouse gases?

There is no formal form, but my practice was -- it was I informally recused myself, and I did not work on the decisionmaking. There were meetings that were called. And I did not participate in the decisionmaking on that.

But in all other cases there were formal recusals? Q Well, when it came to potential future employment,

I would file a formal recusal. But in this case, it was a practice that I had discussed with our general counsel, and

1	she understood that I was not going to be involved, and my
2	colleagues understood that I was not going to be involved.
3	Q Do you know how many formal recusals were filed by
4	you?
5	A I believe I filed four formal recusals during my
6	time at the White House. Two were with respect to law firms.
7	One was with respect to another company, and one was with
8	respect to ExxonMobil.
9	Mr. <u>Baran.</u> Okay. My questioning time is up.
10	Ms. Bennett. The Minority would like to take the last
11	13 minutes of questions.
12	EXAMINATION
13	BY MS. BENNETT:
14	Q Just to repeat, I am Brooke Bennett, Minority
15	counsel. I had a just a couple of questions for you.
16	Going back to Exhibit 23, and, if I recall correctly, I
17	believe it was the Majority counsel's question was
18	something along the lines of if you had refused to clear the
19	report, would the report not have been issued? Could you
20	just read through the options that are presented on this form
21	and let me know whether or not there is one that specifically
22	asks for an option, provides you an option to refuse the
23	report?
24	A That is a very good question. There is not an
25	option for refusing concurrence.

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1
                   I just wanted to clarify that.
              Q
              Also going back to Exhibit 22, and I just want to be
 2
        double clear on this because, looking at the handwriting, if
 3
        you could just have another quick look at some of the
 4
        documents or some of the comments on there and let me give
 5
 6
        you a copy --
             Mr. Tuohey. To be specific, do you include the front
 7
 8
        page?
 9
             Ms. <u>Bennett</u>. I will.
10
                   BY MS. BENNETT:
                  The copy that was provided to you by Majority
11
             Q
12
        counsel is a bit light.
             Ms. Bennett. So with your agreement would you mind if I
13
        give him the same one that we had prepared? But it is
14
        slightly darker, so you can see the comments slightly better.
15
16
             Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. What page?
17
             Ms. Bennett. If you go, for example, to page 14.
18
             Mr. Tuohey. Page 14.
19
                    BY MS. BENNETT:
20
                  And look at the word "good" on page 14. If you
21
        look on page 15 --
22
             Mr. Tuohey. "Good" on 14.
23
                  BY MS. BENNETT:
24
                  Do you mind just double-checking that and make sure
             Q
        it is or is not your handwriting? And you can probably
25
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1
        compare it to 15.
 2
             Mr. Tuohey. "Good" 15.
 3
             The <u>Witness</u>. They both look like my handwriting.
                   BY MS. BENNETT:
 4
 5
             Q
                  They both look like your handwriting?
 6
             Α
                   If I was writing fast.
 7
                  And at the bottom of page 18, also that "good"?
             Q.
 8
             Α
                  Yes.
 9
             Q
                  All right. I just wanted to double-check.
10
             Mr. Baran. For the record, let's switch these documents
11
        so we have the better copy for the record.
12
             Mr. Tuohey. Fine.
13
             Mr. Baran. We will mark this 22.
14
             Mr. Tuohey. Makes sense.
15
                  BY MS. BENNETT:
16
             0
                  If you go back to Exhibit 20, I was just curious if
17
        maybe you could explain something to me.
18
             Mr. Tuohey. Exhibit 20.
19
                  BY MS. BENNETT:
20
             0
                  On top of Exhibit 20 --
21
             Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. This is the science plan.
22
                  BY MS. BENNETT:
                  CCSP strategic plan. And the first page is listed
23
             0
24
        the executive summary, and it is final technical review,
       dated 5 June, 2003. I was curious as to why "strategic" is
25
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1 scratched out and it says "science." Do you recall? 2 I don't recall. 3 Q Also going back to Exhibit 17, can you tell me whose handwriting is on the top of Exhibit 17? Where it 4 5 says -- Exhibit 17 is the CEQ review and comment of science 6 plan for the CCSP, and it is a list of edits, those edits down on the panel. And at the top it says, "6/16/03. 7 8 plus PC." Do you know --9 That looks like Bryan Hannegan's handwriting to me. Α 10 That is not your handwriting, you don't believe? 0 11 No. 12 Something you mentioned a moment ago talking about Q the point at which you started backing away from policy 13 14 decisions, making policy decisions. What was the time frame 15 again that you gave on that, to the best of your recollection? 16 17 Α Well, it was in the spring 2005. I had interviewed 18 with one law firm, I think it was in December 2004 after the election. And so I was concerned about being involved in 19 20 policymaking. 21 You know the formal recusal was only with respect to 22 matters concerning that law firm that were pending that would happen to come before me. So the formal recusal was over any 23 24 material matter in which that law firm or a client of that

firm was involved. But still, I had a general and increasing

unease about continuing to be deeply involved in policy when

I knew that I was -- that I was planning to leave. I didn't

don't know what the heck I was going to do, but I was

planning to take a next step with my career.

Q Okay. That is fine. One last question for you actually, and going back to the organizational chart that we had distributed toward the very beginning, and I am going to have to the dig to find it here. It is Exhibit 7, which is an organizational chart that discusses the climate change activity.

With regard to the Climate Change Science Program, the person who was responsible for the final product, after a fashion, in terms of putting it together and taking in the Agency comments, et cetera, that was who?

A That was Dr. Mahoney, the Assistant Secretary of Science for Oceans and Atmosphere.

- Q Who had the same role for Our Changing Planet?
- A Doctor Mahoney again, because the Our Changing Planet was a product of the Climate Change Science Program.

  So any program -- any product of the program, Dr. Mahoney is the director of the program, and he had defined it.
  - Q What about the Climate Action Report?
- A Climate Action Report, which was the report filed with the United Nations in June 2002, was filed by the State Department, if you look at the inside cover of that report,

1	and that makes sense because it is a treaty obligation to
2	file the report, and the State Department filed that report.
3	Q And the Draft Report on the Environment?
4	A EPA had the final decision because it was their
5	product.
6	Q Okay. And but CEQ didn't have any final say on
7	any of these documents?
8	A No. We had a role in ordinary interagency review
9	comments, and we participated along with all the other
10	agencies, White House offices.
11	Q So when, for example and I don't have it in
12	front of me, I apologize but when there would be an e-mail
13	or a draft distributed by Dr. Mahoney to the CCSP, it was an
14	entire group of different agencies, 30 or I think
15	previously you said there was 30 or so different agencies who
16	were involved in
17	A Potentially.
18	Q some of this draftmaking? And so the comments
19	would be coming from all the other agencies back into
20	Dr. Mahoney?
21	A Yes. Initially when drafts were initiated, they
22	get a lot of stuff from all the agencies, and then the CCSPO
23	office would put it together. But when it went through OMB
24	review again, it would be sent out to all those same agencies
25	again for final, you know, review and comment.

Q Okay. And then what just out of curiosity, what
role did the Office of Science and Technology Policy play?
Were they part of this interagency?
A They played a very, very prominent role. Kathie
Olson was a Senate-confirmed Director for science the
Office of Science and Technology Policy. She was the
representative to the blue box, if you will. But she was a
valued colleague, Ph.D. scientist, and she had a very active
role. All of OSTP did, Dr. Marburger and other OSTP
personnel.
Q And then the other I notice going back to
Exhibit 23, which is the comments needed, which is the
National Science and Technology concurrent sheet, could you
tell us the
A Yes.
Q The National Science and Technology Council as
well?
Mr. <u>Tuohey.</u> What is your question?
BY MS. BENNETT:
Q Why would this role why would this concurrent
sheet be sent to the National Science and Technology Council?
Do you know? Do you know what their role was?
A I used to know all this stuff, and I don't know. I
don't know exactly. It is a high-level committee. It had

existed in the prior administration on this formally

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1
         constituted -- and why it is captioned NSTC, I just can't
         remember exactly why they were different from other groups.
 2
 3
              Q
                   But this was another --
 4
              Α
                   High-level group.
 5
                   Nonetheless, the bottom line is that the final
        product rested with Dr. Mahoney in terms of collecting all
 6
 7
        the finalized --
 8
              Α
                   Yes.
 9
              Q
                   All right.
10
              Ms. <u>Bennett.</u> I don't have any more questions.
11
              Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. Well, thank you so much for your
12
        flexibility --
13
              Mr. <u>Tuohey</u>. Thank you.
              Mr. <u>Dotson</u>. -- and participating in these depositions.
14
        And this concludes the deposition.
15
16
              [Whereupon, at 6:10 p.m., the interview was concluded.]
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## Certificate of Deponent/Interviewee I have read the foregoing $\_\_$ pages, which contain the correct transcript of the answers made by me to the questions therein recorded. Witness Name

## ERRATA SHEET FOR DEPOSITION OF PHILIP A. COONEY

13 1 "office" should read "offices" 38 24 strike "not"	
38 24 strike "not"	
2	
should read "sent up to the Congress from the CEQ"	
96 11-12 should read "Framework Convention on Clim	nate Change"
125 9-10 after "searched." delete "it" and insert "my fil	les"
delete "in Mr. Piltz' view"	

Philip A. Cooney

Mark H. Tuohey III